

Multi-Channel programmable comtroller TEMP2000M 3CH / 5CH / 7CH 5CH / 7CH 5CH / 7CH 5CH / 5CH / 5CH / 7CH 5CH / 5C



Instruction Manual

* This edition is common manual for TEMP2500M, TEMP2700M.

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1. Safety instruction (Cautions)

Thank you for your choice our multi channel programmable controller (TEMP2000M). This installation manual describes how to install this product.



Safety symbol mark

(A) "Handle with care" or "Caution" shall be expressed. In case of violation of this point, it may cause the death, heavy injury or severe damage on the device.



(1)Product: It is displayed in case that there are points to be recognized certainly to protect the human body and device.

(2) Installation manual : The cautions are described in case of the threatening to the life and body due to the electric shock and etc.

(B) "Ground terminal" shall be displayed.



Make the ground with the ground surface in case of product installation and manipulation.

(C)"Supplement explanation" shall be displayed.



The information to supplement the explanation is described.

(D) "References" shall be displayed.



It describes the points to be referred and the reference page.



Cautions in this instruction manual

- (A) AUTO TUNING shall be delivered for the final user to keep always and it shall be kept in the place within the reach anytime.
- (B) Use this product after full understanding on the auto tuning.
- (C) AUTO TUNING is the description on the details of function of the product and the other points besides the auto tuning shall not be warranted.
- (D) A part of whole part of auto tuning shall not be edited or copied for use.
- (E) The description in auto tuning may be changed randomly without pre-notice or warning.
- (F) Even though this auto tuning is made with full effort, it will be appreciated if you inform to the point of purchase (Dealer shop) in case of finding the deficiencies, mistake and omission in the description.



Safety and cautions in the modification(Change)

on the product (Change) on the product

- (A) Use this product after full understanding on the cautions (Instructions) for the safety in auto tuning for the protection and safety of the product of the system to be connected for use.
- (B) Our company is not responsible for the use and handling and every loss incurred due to the negligence without following auto tuning.
- (C) In case of installing the additional protective or safety circuit for the protection and safe of this product or the system connected this product shall be installed at the outside of the product.

The modification (Change) or addition to this product is prohibited.

- (D) Do not disassemble, repair or modify randomly. It may cause the electric shock, fire and mal operation.
- (E) Please contact the sales department of our company in case of changing the part or consumables of this product.
- (F) Do not allow the inflow of the moisture to this product. It may cause a failure.
- (G) Do not apply strong impact on this product. It may cause the damage on the product or mal operation.



For exemption of their product

- (A) Our company is not responsible for any warrant or liabilities on the product except the contents defined in quality assurance condition of our company.
- (B) Our company is not responsible for any direct or indirect damage to the user or third party due to the unexpected defect and natural disaster in use of this product.



For the quality insurance condition of this product

- (A) The warrant period of the product shall be 1 year from the date of purchasing and it shall be repaired in free of charge in case of the failure created from the normal use defined in auto tuning.
- (B) The repair by the failure created after the warranty period of the product shall be processed in real cost (Payment) according to the defined condition by our company.
- (C) The following cases are processed in real cost even it is the failure created within the warranty period.
 - (1) Defect by the mistake and fault of the user. (Ex : Initialization due to the loss of the password and etc)
 - (2) Failure by the natural disaster(Ex : Fire and flood and etc)
 - (3) Failure by the movement after the product installation
 - (4) Failure by the random disassembly, change or damaged on the product
 - (5) Failure by the abnormal electric source such as the instable electric power.
 - (6) Others
- (D) Please contact the point of purchasing and sales department of our company in case of necessity for after sales service due to the failure.

1.1 Checking the product

Check whether there is no damage on the product by inspecting on the exterior when the product is accepted.

In addition, check the following points.

- 1.1.1 Check the specification of the ordered product
- Check whether the accepted product is same with the ordered specification. How to check: Check the model name specification code on the right of packing box and label on the left of product case.

(● TEMP2□0	0M − 0⊏]/□/□/□
	1	(2	
No.	Name	Symbol	Description
1	Model	5	Screen display part 5.7 inch
	Model	7	Screen display part 7.5 inch
2	I/O Board	0	I/O1 (Relay 12point / Basic)
Ľ	1/O DOald	1	I/O1, 2 (Relay 32point)
3	SD card option	Ν	None
0		SD	SD Card
4	Communication	RS	RS232C, RS485 (Basic)
4	option	CE	Ethernet
		Ν	None
(5)	HBA option	А	50A
		В	100A
		С	12A
		CH2	2 Channel
6	TEMP2000M Sub channel	CH4	4 Channel
		CH6	6 Channel

● Sub channel -□/□ ① ②

rmbol N	Description
Ν	None
	None
А	50A
В	100A
С	12A
Ν	None
А	50A
В	100A
С	12A
	B C N A B

1.1.2 Check the packing contents

• Check whether the following contents are contained.



- 1.1.3 Processing of the damaged product
- Contact to the point of product purchase or sales department of our company when the product is damaged at the external inspection on the product as in the above or omission of the parts.



Exchange period for the parts with life span

- Check the corresponding exchange period for the following life span parts and exchange before passing the exchange period when it is necessary.
 - RELAY
 - JQ1P-DC18V, ALD18V equivalent : Under 300,000 times of ON/OFF CR2030 3V equivalent : Under 200,000 hours BATTERY
- (A) Contact to the point of product purchase or sales department of our comp for the exchange of the life span parts.

1.2 Exterior and how to install

1.2.1 Installation location and environment



Cautions in installation location and environment

- (A) Handle after switching on at the state of installing this product on the panel because there is a risk of electric shocking. (Cautions for electric shocking)
- (B) Do not install this product at the following location and environment.
 - A place where a person can touch the terminal point without recognition
 - A place exposed directly to the mechanical vibrato or impact
 - A place exposed to the corrosive gas or combustible gas
 - A place with big temperature change
 - A place with excessive high (Over 50°C) or low (Under 10°C) temperature
 - A place exposed directly to the direct sunlight
 - A place influenced by electromagnetic wave
 - A place with high humidity (A place over 85% of ambient humidity)
 - A place where the flammable stuffs are placed at the surrounding.
 - A place with many dust or salts
 - A place exposed to the ultra violet light
 - Even though the case of this product is made of non-flammable material such as ABS/PC, do no install at the place where the flammable stuffs exist.



Cautions in installaiton

- (A) Do not place the device or wire which become the cause of the noise near to this product
- (B) Use the product within 10~50℃, 20~90% RH(The dew shall not be made).
- Especially, do not place the excessive heating device at near
- (C) Do not install the product in declining.
- (D) Keep the product within $-5 \sim 70 \,^\circ$ C, $5 \sim 95 \,^\circ$ RH (The dew shall not be made).
- (E) Especially, use after full warming up when it is used in under 10° C.
- (F) Make wiring after switching off of every device during the wiring (Cautions in electric shock)
- (G) This product operates in 24V DC, 22VAmax without special manipulation.
- There is a risk of the electric shock and fire when it is used in the abnormal electric source (H) Do not work with wet hand. There is a risk of the electric shock.
- (I) Keep the basic cautions to reduce the fire, electric shock and risk of injury in use.
- (J) Install and use according to the instructions on the installation manual.
- (K) Refer to the installation instruction for the necessary information for the ground. However, do not ground to the water pipe, gas pipe, phone line and lightening rod. There is a risk of explosion and ignition.
- (L) Do not switch on before connection of the devices of the product. It may cause the failure.
- (M) Do not close the ventilation hole on the product. It may cause the failure.
- (N) Do not decline the I/O BOARD and install inside the hygrostat. Use after fixing on the holes on the board with bolts and nuts.
- (O) The level of excessive voltage is category ${\rm I\!I}$ and the use environment is DEGREE ${\rm I\!I}$.

1.2.2 External dimension (Unit: mm)

1.2.2.1 External dimension of display part for each model



Unit:mm

Model Name	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
TEMP2500M	144	144	6.5	33.5	136.5	136.5	156	75
TEMP2700M	203	180	6.8	38.2	172.5	195.5	192	75

1.2.2.2 External dimension of control part



1.2.2.3 I/O1 BOARD external dimension



1.2.2.4 I/O2 BOARD external dimension



1.2.3 Panel cutting dimension

► In case of general attaching



*	Panel cutting	dimension	for each	model
				Unit: mm

MODEL	А	В	С
TEMP2500M	137.5	137.5	250
TEMP2700M	196	173	308.5

1.2.4 How to attach mount

- 1.2.4.1 How to install display part
- ► TEMP2000M DISPLAY UNIT panel installation method



(Refer to the panel cutting dimension)

- ① Cut the panel to be installed. [Refer to 1.2.3 panel cutting dimension]
- 2 Insert the product on the installation hole from the rear side of the main body as shown in the above diagram
- ③ Fix the main body using the fixing mount on the upper and lower power of the main body (It is same with the picture) (User the screwdriver)

▶ In case of installing with VESA mount

☞ VESA dimension (75*75) is same in every product.

VESA dimension (75*75) * Cautions Apply M4*4L ~ 6L bolt in fixing on vesa hole 75

- 1.2.4.2 How to install control part
- In case of installing DIN rail
 1) DIN rail preparation



2) Insert the (a) part on the main unit and sub unit into the rail first as shown in the picture and push (b) part and the installation shall be made the latch to lock into the rail as shown in the picture.



3) Assemble the installed main unit and sub unit to the direction of arrow as shown in the following picture.



4) Both ends of unit is fixed with end bar when the main and sub units are installed not be moved.



Firstly insert the end bar the upper side of rail

arrow direction

- ▶ In case of installing on the wall directly,
 - 1) Disassemble the back cover of main and sub unit as follows.



- Disassemble the back cover by pulling part (2) after pressing part (1) of main unit.
- Check the space to install in consideration of external dimension of screw hole and back cover.
- 2) Check the space to install in consideration of external dimension of screw hole and back cover.



Sub unit back cover







3) Assemble back cover and fix on the wall with screw.



- Be cautious for the foreign material not to be put into the connector in case of fixing the back cover on the wall. (Possibility of communication connection fault)
- Be cautious for the exposed board surface not to be scratched or damaged.
- 4) Insert the upper part of the main and sub body on the main/sub back cover and assemble for hook to be locked fully by pushing the lower part.



- Check whether the hook is fully assembly after assembling the product main body to the back cover assembly.
 - There is a big possibility of communication/function disorder when it is incompletely assembled.

5) Fix by inserting the fixing unit for each unit not to be separated as shown in the figure.



1.3 Wiring



Cautions

- Switch off the main power of every supplied gauge and wire after checking with the tester whether the electric power on the wiring cable is on.
- Do not contact with the terminal absolutely because there is a possibility of electricity after switching on.
- ▶ Make wire connection after switching off on the wire certainly.
- 1.3.1 How to wire
- 1.3.1.1 Recommended specification for electric power cable
- ▶ Vinyl insulated cable KSC 3304 0.9~2.0 mm²
- 1.3.1.2 Recommended specification for terminal
- ▶ Use the insulated sleeve attached pressured terminal which is proper for M3 screw as shown in the figure.



1.3.1.3 Measure for the noise

- ► Noise source
- (A) Relay and contact point
- (B) Solenoid coil and solenoid valve
- (C) Electric power line
- (D) Induction load
- (E) Inventor
- (F) Commutator in motor
- (G) Phase angle control SCR
- (H) Wireless communication device
- (I) Welding machine
- (J) High pressure ignition device and etc
- (K)
- Measure for the noise

Make the wiring in cautious about the following points for the noise creation source.

- (A) Make wiring with leaving gap between electric circuit and ground circuit for input circuit.
- (B) Use the shield wire for the noise from the electrostatic induction.
- Connect the shield wire to the ground terminal with using caution not to contact with the 2 point ground as occasion demands.
- (C) Make the wire for the input by twisting tightly against the noise from electric induction.
- (D) Make the wire by referring $\left[1.3.3.5 \text{ Use of sub relay}\right]$ as necessary.

- 1.3.2 Terminal layout
- 1.3.2.2 TEMP2000M display part terminal



1.3.2.3 Control part terminal



1.3.2.4 I/O1 BOARD terminal



1.3.2.5 I/O2 BOARD terminal



1.3.3 Electric power wiring

▶ For electric power cable, make wiring using the cable with equivalent performance of vinyl insulation cable (KSC 3304).

F Wiring method for electric power of each unit



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Wiring method for electric power control unit of each unit



1.3.3.1 Measured input (ANALOG INPUT) wiring

- Switch off the electric power and external power supply on the main body of TEMP2000M certainly in case of wiring the measurement input because there is a risk of electric shock.
- ▶ Use the shield attached input wire. Make one point ground for shield.
- Make the wiring for the measurement input signal line with leaving the gap from the electric power circuit or ground circuit.
- ▶ Use the electric cable with less cable resistance and cable with no resistance difference among 3 lines.

(A) Temperature measuring resistor input (RTD INPUT)



(B) DC VOLTAGE INPUT

(C) DC CURRENT INPUT



- 1.3.3.2 Control output (ANALOG OUTPUT) wiring
- Connect using caution for the output polarity. The wrong connection becomes a reason of the main body.
- Use the shield attached cable for output wiring.
 In addition, make one point connection for the shield.
 - (A) Electric voltage pulse output (SSR)



(B) Current output (SCR)



(C) Transmitting output (RET)



- 1.3.3.3 3 Output (Relay) wiring for external connection point
- ▶ Please switch off the electric power and power supply to outside from the TEMP2000M main body certainly in case of wiring the external contact point output because there is an electric shock risk.
- Connecting point output (RELAY) : NORMAL OPEN under 30VDC 1A, under 250VAC 1A



- 1.3.3.4 Input wiring for contact point (DI)
- ▶ Use the dry contact point for the external connection point (Relay contact point).
- ► Use the dry contact with sufficient opening and closing capacity for the terminal voltage (About 5V) in case of OFF and electric current (About 1mA) in case of ON.
- ► Use the both terminal voltage under 2V, and under 100µA of leak current in case of contact point ON when the open collector is used.



1.3.3.5 Use of sub relay

- ON/OFF the load with use of sub relay in case that the resistance load exceeds the relay specification.
- ▶ In case of using the inductance (L) load such as the sub relay and solenoid valve, insert the CR filter (In using AC) or diode (In using DC) by constituting the surge suppressor circuit for spark removing certainly because it becomes a reason for mal operation and relay failure.
- ► Recommended CR filter
- Sungho Electronics : BSE104R120 25V (0.1μ+120Ω)
- IF HANA PARTS CO : HN2EAC
- Songmi Electric Co: CR UNIT 953, 955 etc
- ☞ Jiwoel Electric Manufacturing Co: SKV, SKVB etc
- ☞ Shinyoung Communication Co : CR-CFS, CR-U etc

1 In case of DC relay



1.3.3.7 Display part communication wiring method



1.4 Display function and name

► TEMP2000M display part



- ① Cover (When the cover is opened, the electric power switch, inserting part of SD card and mini USB connection part are displayed.)
- ② TEMP2000M display part electric power switch
- 3 SD CARD insertion part (Use for SD CARD option.)
- 4 LED (The yellow lamp is ON when the first electric power is ON)
- ⑤ Screen display part
- ⑥ MINI USB (Use by the user is impossible.)

1.5 Control part LED

- COM1 LED blinks when the communication between display part and control part are connected.
- ► COM2 LED blinks when the communication between control part and I/O1 board is connected.
- ▶ MV LED blinks depending on the control output for temperature.
 - (A) Main unit



(B) Sub unit

LED for displaying LED for is playing the communication between the OUT1 output main unit and sub unit



LED for display the OUT2 output LED for displaying the electric power

2. Manipulation and setting

This produce is composed of dialogue style screen in touch screen method and it is a programmable controller designed easy for use by the customer.

2.1 Basic operation flow chart

- ▶ When the electric power is ON after the installation of the product, the initial screen is displayed sequentially and it converts to the program stop screen automatically.
- It takes about 22 seconds for screen loading.
- ▶ When the Imm (main) button is pressed on the right upper most at the program stop screen, it converts to the main screen.
- ☞ Refer to the [21. System initial setting]을 for initial screen change.



Main screen

Program Stop Screen

2.2 Setting button operation

▶ Basic setting buttons are shown in [Table 2-1].

Table 2-1. Basic setting button

Button type	Button operation
SP 1370.0	Touch the 'Setting Data" in the stationary stop/operation screen and it is used for setting the wanted setting data by the user.
PTN NO	The "Pattern No." part shall be touched in the program still screen and it is used for setting the wanted pattern No. by the user.
	It is used for inputting the general number and name.
	It is used for selecting one of the many types.
	It is used for setting the segment operation time and etc.
۵ ا	It is used for selecting one of 2 ~ 3 parameter settings. (ON state / OFF state / Inactive state)
>	It is used for selecting the use or non-use of the corresponding parameter. (ON state / OFF state / Inactive state)
+ +	It is used for general screen conversion.
	It is used for the increase and reduction of the page on the same screen.
	It is used for the page conversion by the increase or reduction of the time axis on the same screen.
	It moves to the beginning and end of the PV graph page displayed on [6.2 Measurement data (PV) graph view]
₹ ₹	It is used for moving the PV display axis up/down of the PV display axis in [6.2 Measurement data (PV) graph view]

2.3 How to set the parameters

- ► The following setting data input key is displayed and the necessary data can be input when the is clicked at the basic setting button in the above [Table 2-1]
- The error message ("LIMIT ERROR") is appeared on the input data display window with error sound ("Beep") when the data out of the setting range is input.
- 1 Input key for setting the number



2 Input key for setting the pattern experiment name and DI error name.

Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	H		J
K	L	м	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т
U	V	W	X	Y	Z	()	#	-
1	2	3	4	5	6	-	CLR	De	SC

Refer to the [19. DI function and operation setting] for DI error name input key.

③ Input key for time signal setting.

RUN	TIME OF 0,00,00	- 01 SEC ~ 999.5	GMENT 59.59]	001	H 00M	00S	
1	2	3	4	5	6	H BS	ESC
7	8	9	0		+/-	CLEAR	ENTER

④ Input key for SEG alarm setting.

SEG ALARM TYPE OF 01 SEG					0 0 0 0				
1	2	3	4	5	6	-	CLR	ESC	
7	8	9	0	AL1	AL2	AL3	AL4	ENTER	

(5) User tag input key

		USER TA / NUMEP							
Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	H	Ι	J
К	L	Μ	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т
U	V	W	X	Y	Z	(#	_
1	2	3	4	5	6	-	CLR	ESC	
7	8	9	0	•	-	:	SP	ENTER	

6 Display in case out of the setting range





Touch key lock release

Input after in OFF (Lock release state) of "Key lock" because the setting data is not input when the "Key lock" is "ON (Locked state)

A. Refer to the [4. Operation motion setting] for details of setting.

- 2.3.1 Effectiveness of the setting button and setting data
- ► This product is designed as follows when the setting data input button is pressed or to check the effectiveness of the input setting data by sound.
- "Beep" : When the basic setting button is pressed or the setting data is input normally
- "Beep and beep": When the input data by the setting data input key is out of the input range.



Cautions in manipulation

Do not press with the sharp thing (Pencil and etc) or excessive power when the basic setting button and setting data input key are pressed. It may become the reason for the malfunction or damage on the touch panel. 2.3.2 Setting data input method.

- The input data used in product is set by the setting data input key, test name input key and time signal input.
- ▶ When button in [Table 2-1] is pressed, the setting data input key is appeared, the data to be set can be input.
- ▶ Refer to [5.4 Time signal operation] for time signal input key.
- Function and explanation of setting data input key



- 1 It displays the "Parameter."
- 2 It displays the "Setting range.".
- ③ When the setting range is out of the "Setting data display window", the error message ("LIMIT ERROR") is displayed.
- 4 It is used when it returns to the original screen after stopping the input.
- 5 It returns to the original screen after saving the input data.
- 6 It is used to input the decimal point.
- \bigodot It is used to input the sign (+/-).
- ⑧ It is used to change the input data, the input data is erased by a single character.
- (9) It is used to erase all input data.
- 0 It displays the previously input setting data.
 - Ex) Setting data input method
 - ▶ The method to change the setting data 49.4 into -12.5 is as follows.
 - \rightarrow Press the setting data input button on the corresponding screen.
 - → Press the corresponding figures (1→2→3→4→5) in sequence, and press "ENTER" key(6) finally.



3. Setting operation state

3.1 Main screen



No.	Instruction	Description			
1)	Graph & Storage	It moves to the screen to set the use/non-use of the graph display, graph recording and SD recording use.			
2	OPER. SCREEN	It moves to the stop/operation screen.			
3	FUNCTION&FIX	It moves to the function and operation method setting screen.			
4	PROGRAM SET	It moves to the program setting menu screen.			
5	RESERVE SET	It moves to the current time, appointed operation time setting screen.			
6	DISPLAY SET	It moves to the screen for setting the screen brightness adjustment, PV font, buzzer sound use/non-use and backlight electricity saving.			

3.2 Stationary (FIX) operation

3.2.1 Stationary operation the 1st still scree

- Select the operation method in "Stationary" in [4. Operation related motion setting].
- ▶ When "Operation state screen" is selected in [3.1 Main screen], it converts to "Stationary operation the 1st still screen."
- The following is the screen for 6 channel of sub channel.



[Fig. 3-2] Stationary operation the 1st still screen

- ▶ When the 'Setting data" is touched for setting data input, the input key is displayed.
- ▶ When the "Setting" is touched in the sub channel, the input key is displayed.

🔁 FIX	OPEF	RATIO	N STO	D			11.11.21 01 14 PM	
SP	2	50.0			MV	0.0%	SE MAIN	
A.	250.0 -							
SET	SP 00 MV 00% SP 00 MV 00% SP 00 MV 00%							
1	2	3	4	5	6	H BS	ESC	
7	8	9	0	•	+/-	CLEAR	ENTER	

[Fig 3-3] Setting data input screen

Table 3-1. Stationary still screen paran	neter
--	-------

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Setting data (SP)	EU(0.0 ~ 100.0%)	EU	EU(0.0%)

* EU: Sensor input data range

Refer to [Engineering Unit]
3.2.2 Stationary operation the 1st operation screen

- ▶ It is the screen for measured data, setting data, control output quantity and lamp operation state.
- ▶ The setting data input key is displayed when the "Setting data" is touched during operation.



[Fig. 3-4] Stationary operation the 1st operation screen -1

- 1 It displays the current operation status. .
- 2 It displays current setting data.
- ③ It displays the current measured data.
- ④ It displays the current setting data of the sub channel.
- 5 It displays the current measured data of the sub channel.
- (6) The "ON" state of the state lamp is displayed in red and "OFF" state is in dark grey.
- The state lamp can be set in [Fig. 21-3 System initial setting screen].
- $\ensuremath{\overline{\mathcal{O}}}$ The No. of PID group is expressed which is being adopted currently.
- The adopted PID group can be checked in [18. PID group].
- \circledast It displays the current date/time and the LCD screen is OFF when it is pressed.
- The red lamp is ON when the date/time button is pressed in the operation still screen.
- The green lamp is ON when the date/time button is pressed on the operation screen.
- 9 It moves to the [Fig. 3-1 Main screen].
- The key pad to input the password is displayed in case of main button restriction setting.
- 1 It moves to the next screen from current screen.
- ① It performs or releases the auto tuning with current setting data.
- The Y/N of the tuning button display can be set in [18. PID group].
- ${\scriptstyle \textcircled{12}}$ The main, sub (Sub channel) is selected for performing the auto tuning.
- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{3}}$ It is the user button.
- The Y/N button for use can be set in [21. System initial setting].
- When the user button is used, the relay wanted by user can be set and used in the [13. DO Relay setting]
- Ex) It is used for ON/OFF of chamber output ON/OFF.
- The set relay is operated when the "User" button is pressed in the stationary and program still/operation screen.
- (4) It displays the stationary operation processing time.
- 15 It is a button for operation/stop.



[Fig 3-5] Stationary operation the 1st operation screen -2

1 t displays the user tag.

The setting for the user tag and name can be set in [7.1 Screen display setting].

▶ It is the operation screen in case of 2, 4 sub channels.



[Fig. 3-6] Screen for 2 channels of sub channel



[Fig. 3-7] Screen for 4channels of sub channel

- 3.2.3 Stationary operation the 2nd operation screen
- ▶ () Check box sets the display for Y/N of the data.
- ▶ The data stored in the internal memory is erased when the electric power is OFF.
- Save the important graph file with SD card.
- Refer to the [6.2 Measurement data (PV) graph view].
- * The down load with the SD card is not available during the saving the measurement data, setting data and control output quantity which is being recorded into the internal memory.



[Fig. 3-8] Stationary operation the 2nd operation screen

- 1 It displays the channel which is being saved.
- 0 The capacity of internal memory is displayed. .
- $\ensuremath{\,\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle \blacksquare}}$ About 25 days of storage is possible when the sampling time is made in 1 second. .
- ③ The recording is started depending on the saving media setting of [6. Graph display and storage setting]의 when the save button is pressed.
- 4 It deletes every file saved in the internal memory.

3.2.4 Stationary operation still screen

- ▶ The stationary operation is terminated while the "Time setting operation is terminated" is appeared as shown in the following screen when the operation is stopped by passing the setting time in [4. Operation related motion setting].
- ► The message is not appeared on the screen when it is forced to terminate by pressing the "Stop" button during operation.
- ► The message is disappeared when the corresponding part is touched in case of display of the message showing the operation termination.
- ☞ It is same with the program operation termination.



[Fig. 3-9] Stationary operation still screen -1



[Fig. 3-10] Stationary operation still screen -2

3.3 Program operation

- 3.3.1 Program operation the 1st still screen
- Select the operation method of "Pattern" in [4. Operation related motion setting].
- ▶ When "Operation state screen" is selected in [3.1 Main screen], it converts to "Stationary operation the 1st still screen."
- ▶ Refer to the [5.1 Program pattern setting] for pattern setting.
- ► It converts to [Fig. 3-13 Program operation the 1st operation screen] when ► (Operation) button at the bottom is pressed in the [Fig. 3-11 Program the 1st still screen].

3	PROGF	IAM ST	OD:	EXPE	ERIME	ENT C	F PAT	TERN	1		11.21 00 PM
PTN	NO 🗧		I		SE	G NO		l		:: м	AIN
Ae	27		C) [5).(°C	+	+
	0.0) MV 25 C		SP	250.0		1.8 * 9	.250)9) MV 50	.0*		
	0.0 MV 25C	-	SP	250.0) 25				D MV S D	.0×		
IS1 AL1	IS2 AL2	IS3 AL3	IS4 AL4	IS5 RUN	IS6 1REF	TS1 S1AL1	TS2 S1AL2	TS3 S2AL1	TS4 S2AL2	L U-	KEY
											IUN

[Fig. 3-11] Program operation the 1st still screen -1

▶ When the "Pattern No." is touched in the screen, the input key is displayed for pattern number input.

🔁 PROGRAM STOP: EXPERIMENT OF PATTER	N 1 11.11.21 02 00 PM
PTN NO	:: MAIN
	°⊂ ← →
-• <i>-</i> 250.L	
SP ZSO() MV(0+18.*) MV(0+18.*) MV(0+18	84.8 *
► PATTERN NUMBER FOR OPER.	
1 2 3 4 5 6 + BS	ESC
7 8 9 0 . +/- 🛙 CLEAI	RENTER

[Fig. 3-12] Pattern number input

Table 3-2. Program still screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Pattern	1~40	ABS	1
number	1 40	ADO	1



It is not operated when the program is not input on the pattern number displayed on the screen.

Refer to [5.1 Program pattern setting].

3.3.2 Program operation the 1st still screen

- ▶ It is the screen for measured data, setting data, control output quantity and operation state.
- The pattern No. cannot be set during operation.



[Fig. 3-13] Program operation the 1st still screen -2

- ① It displays the current operation status.
- 2 It displays current pattern No. and SEG No.
- 3 It displays the current measured data.
- 4 It displays the current measured data of the sub channel.
- (5) It displays current program pattern No. and SEG No.
- 6 It displays the pattern repetitions state.
- [Pattern repetition frequency: 000/000] The front digits show the repletion frequency and the rear digits show the set repetition frequency.
- O The No. of PID zone is expressed which is being adopted currently.
- ⑧ It displays the processing time and setting time of the segments which are being progressed.
- [SEG time : 000H00M00S/000H00M00S] The time in the front means the segment processing time and the time in the back means the setting time in the [5.1 Program pattern setting].
- (9) It means current date/time and the LCD screen blinks when it is pressed.
- The red lamp is ON when the date/time button is pressed on the operation still screen.
- The green lamp is ON when the date/time button is pressed on the operation screen.
- 10 It moves to the [Fig. 3-1 Main screen].
- The key pad to input the password is displayed at the main button restriction setting.
- ${\scriptstyle \textcircled{1}}$ It moves from the current screen to the other screen.
- 1 The partial repetition state is displayed.
- [SEG repetition frequency : 00/00] The front digits show the repeated processing frequency and the rear digits display the set repetition frequency.
- ${\scriptstyle \textcircled{(3)}}$ The program operation processing time is displayed.

- ▶ It is the screen for measured data, setting data, control output quantity and sub channel tag name.
- ▶ The pattern No. cannot be set during operation.



[Fig. 3-14] Program operation the 1st operation screen -3

- 1 The current setting data is maintained (HOLD ON) or released (HOLD OFF).
- 2 It terminates the segment which is being processed and moves forcibly to the next segment.
- ③ It performs or releases the auto tuning with current setting data.
- The Y/N of the tuning button can be set in [18. PID Group]
- 4 The main and sub channel to perform the auto tuning are selected.
- ⑤ It is the user button.
- The use/non-use can be set at the [21. System initial setting]
- When the user button is used, the wanted relay the user can be set and used in [13. DO relay setting]. Ex) It is used for the chamber lamp output ON/OFF.
- The set relay is operated when the "User button" is pressed in the stationary and program still/operation screen.
- ⑥ It displays the user tag.
- The user tag setting can be set in the [7.1 Screen display setting].

* The buttons of $(1) \sim (4)$ are not displayed in the program operation and still screen.

- 3.3.3 Program operation the 2nd operation screen
- > The left side of the screen displays the measurement data, setting data and control output quantity
- ▶ () Check box sets the display for Y/N of the data.
- Press the press the press the press the press the middle of the right to save the data recording the button into the internal memory.
- ▶ The data stored in the internal memory is erased when the electric power is OFF.
- Save the important graph file with SD card.
- Refer to the [6.2 Measurement data (PV) graph view].
- * The down load with the SD card is not available during the saving the measurement data, setting data and control output quantity which is being recorded into the internal memory.



[Fig. 3-15] Program operation the 2nd operation screen

- ${\rm (I)}$ It displays the measurement data, setting data and control output quantity which are being operated.
- 2 The capacity of internal memory is displayed.
- Provide the second of the second of the second of the second.
- ③ It is a button to save the measurement data, setting data and control output quantity which are being recorded into the internal memory.
- 4 It deletes every file saved in the internal memory.

3.3.4 Program operation still screen

- ▶ The program operation is terminated while the "Program operation is terminated" is appeared as shown in the following screen when the setting range operation is stopped in every segment saved into the pattern.
- ► The message is not appeared on the screen when it is forced to terminate by pressing the "Stop" button during operation.
- ► The message is disappeared when the corresponding part is touched in case of display of the message showing the operation.
- It is same with the stationary operation termination



[그림 3-16] 프로그램운전 정지 화면

3.4 Auto tuning screen

- ▶ The auto tuning method is categorized into SEG PID type and zone PID type.
- > The auto tuning hold and step key cannot be used during program operation.

3.4.1 Auto tuning (SEG PID type)

- The SEG PID type process the auto tuning based on the currently setting data and the tuning data is saved into "PID No." set in the parameter.
- > The currently setting data becomes the auto tuning setting data during auto tuning operation.
- The SEG is held during program operation.
- The operation is made in currently setting data during auto tuning termination.
- The SEG is processed during the program operation.



[Fig. 3-17] SEG PID auto tuning screen

1 It sets the PID No.

The tuning data is saved in selected No. at the completion of auto tuning.

Table 3-3 Auto tuning (SEG) parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Auto tuning	OFF, 1 ~ 6	ABS	OFF

- ► FIX and PROGRAM: AUTO TUNING(SEG)
- INRH, INRL : Indicates input sensor range.
- $\ensuremath{\,\cong}$ Threshold 1 ~4: Indicates threshold value of PID No.
- Auto Tuning : Indicates PID No selected for Auto Tuning.
- Auto Tuning Set Point: Indicates currently running Set Point.



PROGRAM OPERATION: AUTO TUNING (SEG)

Threshold2

Threshold1

INR



3.4.2 Auto tuning (Zone PID type)

- The tuning is made with the target of the center point of boundary data in PID No. group set in auto tuning parameter and the tuning data is saved into the set PID No.
- The current setting data is changed into the auto tuning setting data when the auto tuning is performed.
 The SEG is held during program operation.
- The current setting data is changed into previous setting data during auto tuning termination.
- The SEG is processed during program operation.

▶ The auto tuning data is not saved into PID No. when it is forcibly released during automatic auto tuning.

The tuning data is not saved into the PID No during automatic auto tuning when in case of blackout.



[Fig. 3-18] Zone PID auto tuning screen

- 1 The tuning data is saved with selected PID No. at the completion of auto tuning.
- The figures inside the box display the PID No.
- \blacksquare When the auto is selected, the tuning data is save sequentially in 1 ~ 6.

Table 3-4 Auto tuning (Zone) parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial value
AUTO TUNING	OFF, 1 ~ 6, Auto	ABS	OFF



Cautions in auto tuning (Zone type)

Even single PID No. is not saved when the Auto tuning is forcibly terminated. .

Even single PID No. is not saved in case of blackout.

- ► FIX and PROGRAM: AUTO TUNING (Zone)
- INRH, INRL : Indicates input sensor range.
- $\ensuremath{\,\cong}$ Threshold 1 ~4: Indicates threshold value of PID No.
- $\ensuremath{\,\cong}$ Auto Tuning : Indicates PID No selected for Auto Tuning.
- Pauto Tuning Set Point: Indicates currently running Set Point.



FIX OPERATION: AUTO TUNING (Zone)



Threshold1

▶ Tuning point calculation in zone type shall be made as follows. ① Tuning point:1 PID1 range auto tuning is performed. Boundary data1 - Lower limit range Lower limit - PID1 auto tuning setting data= range + 2 ② Tuning point:2 PID2 range auto tuning is performed. Boundary data2 - Boundary data1 Boundary data1 + · - PID2 auto tuning setting data= 2 ③ Tuning point:3 PID3 range auto tuning is performed. Boundary data3 – Boundary data2 Boundary data2 + - PID3 auto tuning setting data= 2 ④ Tuning point:4 PID4 range auto tuning is performed. Boundary data4 - Boundary data3 - PID4 auto tuning setting data= Boundary data3 + · 2 5 Tuning point : 5 PID5 range auto tuning is performed. Upper limit range – Boundary data4 Boundary data4 + - PID5 auto tuning setting data= 2 ⑥ Tuning point:6 PID6 range auto tuning is performed. Upper limit range - Lower limit range Lower limit range - PID6 auto tuning setting data= 2 ⑦ Tuning point : Auto rightarrow The a1 in PID1 \sim 6 range is processed sequentially. \blacksquare The auto tunned PID data is saved into PID1 ~ 6 range. Boundary data1 - Lower limit range Lower limit range + - PID1 auto tuning setting data= Boundary data2 - Boundary data1 PID2 auto tuning setting data= Boundary data1 + 2 Boundary data3 – Boundary data2 - PID3 auto tuning setting data= Boundary data2 + 2 Boundary data4 - Boundary data3 - PID4 auto tuning setting data= Boundary data3 + Upper limit range - Boundary data4 Boundary data4 + - PID5 auto tuning setting data= 2 Upper limit range - Lower limit range Lower limit range + - PID6 auto tuning setting data= 2

3.5 Sub channel auto tuning

- It is a screen for auto tuning of the sub channel.
- ▶ The sub channel processes the tuning with set SP.



[Fig. 3-19] Screen set with sub 2 tuning

- 1 The auto tuning is performed or released with current setting data. .
- 2 It selects the main or sub (sub channel) which will perform the auto tuning.
- The corresponding sub channel is set and the auto tuning is processed.



[Fig. 3-20] Screen of processing of auto tuning in sub channel

3.6 AUTO TUNING and TUNING POINT

- ► Auto-Tuning is a strong function to establish optimal P.I.D value automatically by calculating the characteristics of the control system.
- ▶ While generating ON/OFF control output signal for 2.5 cycles, the controller measures the PV response of the control system with a limit cycle method and calculate the optimal P.I.D value with the oscillation data.
- Auto-Tuning process can be carried out on FIX / PRORGAM RUN state, and after completion of Auto-Tuning process, calculated P.I.D value with SP will be automatically stored on P.I.D parameters of corresponding zone.
- It executes sequential Auto Tuning and store to PID sequentially when select "Auto" from Auto Tuning Parameter.

Auto tuning procedure with a set point.						
Parameter Settings	 Operation Type: Fix Operation Input Sensor: Temperature(K2) Range: -200.0°C ~ 1370.0°C Auto Tuning Point: 0.25% → EUS 0.25% = 3.9°C Set Point(SP) : 50.0°C OL : 0.0% OH : 100.0% 					
Tuning Procedure	Auto Tuning Point $51.5^{\circ}C$ $SP = 50.0^{\circ}C$ $48.5^{\circ}C$ OH ON ON ON					
	MV OL OFF OFF					

- Auto Tuning Precautions
 - ① The tuning point does not change even if the SP is changed during auto tuning. When auto tuning has completed, operation continues again with the changed SP.
 - ② If 'S.OPN' occurs during auto tuning, the process stops. PID stays the same before auto tuning.
 - 3 Auto tuning stops automatically, if the second cycle is operated longer for 27 hours.
 - ④ PID may change during auto tuning, but when the process is finished, the PID will be reset to new calculated value from auto tuning process.
 - ⑤ If auto tuning is terminated by force, the PID is the same value as it was before auto tuning began.

4. Operation related motion setting

4.1 Operation method setting

It is a screen for the additional function of the general device and the additional installation in stationary operation.



[Fig. 4-1] Screen for setting operation related motion

- ① Either of the pattern or stationary operation can be selected for setting.
- 0 The recovery motion can be set in case of blackout.
- Stop : It is a motion to return to the operation stop state when the power is returned after blackout in operation state.
- 🖙 Restart : It is a motion to start the operation from the beginning after blackout in operation state.
- Continuous : It is a motion to return to the operation state before the blackout after blackout in operation state.
- 3 The control is stabilized in case of external problem is created.
- $\ensuremath{\bowtie}$ Non-operation: The fuzzy function is not used.
- $\ensuremath{\,\ensuremath{^{\odot}}}$ Operation: It uses the fuzzy function and the overshoot is inhibited.
- ④ It automatically increases or decreases with the set ratio in case of setting data change. (It is applied only in stationary operation.)
- (5) The operation is terminated when the set time is coincided with the set data of total operation processing time in [3.2.2 Stationary operation the 1st operation screen] (It is available in stationary operation only.)
- ⁽⁶⁾ The key pad to input the password is display when the main button is pressed in the operation screen at the setting of the main button control is set.
- Fig. 4-2] Reference
- ⑦ When [Amail (key lock) button is pressed, every parameter is not available.
- $\ensuremath{\,\cong\,}$ The screen movement and key lock release is available.

표 4-1. Operation related motion parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial value
Operation method	Pattern, Stationary	ABS	Pattern
Recovery motion in blackout	Stop Restart Continue		Stop
Fuzzy function	No motion, Motion	ABS	No motion
SETTING DATA change ratio	EUS(0.00 ~ 100.00%) / MIN	EUS / MIN	EUS(0.00%) /MIN
Time setting operation	Non-use, Use	ABS	Non-use
Time	0 ~ 9999 HOUR	ABS	0
Minute	0 ~ 59 MIN	ABS	0
Main button restriction	Non-use, Use	ABS	Non-use
Key lock	OFF, ON	ABS	OFF

- The following screen is for the main button restriction setting of the main button.
- The password setting key pad is displayed when the main button is pressed in operation screen.



[Fig. 4-2] Main button restriction setting

4.2 FUZZY function

- ► FUZZY function can effectively control the overshoot that may occur when intense fluctuating load or frequent Set Point changing.
- ▶ Before PV approaches to SP, automatically calculated SUPER SP can restrain overshoot.
 - FUZZY 'OFF'



FUZZY 'ON'



4.3 SP SLOPE function

- ▶ SP SLOPE function to make the Set Point ascend or descent gradually overtime.
- When changing the Target SP during FIX run operation, NSP (current SP) will be changed from current PV to Target SP gradually by assigned ramping rate.



5. Program setting

- ▶ When program setting button is pressed in [3.1 Main screen], it is converted to [Fig. 5-1 Program setting screen].
- ▶ It is a screen group to set the parameter related with program operation.



[Fig. 5-1] Program setting screen

No.	Instruction	Description
1)	Pattern Set It moves to the pattern editing screen.	
2	Repeat Set	It moves to the screen for setting the pattern and segment repetition setting.
3	File Edit	It moves to the screen for setting the copy and deletion of the pattern.
4	Time signal It moves to the screen to set the time signal.	
5	Wait Set	It moves to the screen for setting the wait motion.
6	Pattern Name	It moves to the screen for setting the experiment name.

5.1 Program pattern setting

- ▶ It is a screen to set the segment according to the pattern No.
- ▶ Refer to the time signal setting [5.4 Time signal motion] for time signal setting.



[Fig. 5-2] Pattern editing screen

- ① Input the pattern No. to set the segment.
- 2 The starting condition for program operation can be set by selecting any of 'TPV', 'SPV' and 'SSP.'
- TPV : The setting data for starting program operation (SP) is started with the present measured data (PV) regardless of the tendency or starting setting data (SSP) and processes setting data 1 (SP1) set I segment 1 (SEG1) for the setting time (TM1).
- SPV: The setting data (SP) in program operation start is started from present measured data (PV) and processes to the setting data 1 (SP1) which is set to segment 1 (SEG1).

The remained time for operation time is calculated by regarding the times is passed till the program operation time by referring to the program pattern contents.

- SSP: The setting data (SP) in program operation starting process during the set time (TM1) from the start setting data (SSP) till the setting data (SP1) set in the segment (SEG1).
- ③ The setting data of the segment to be operated is set.
- 4 The time for the segment to be operated is set.
- 5 The time signal for the segment to be operated is set.
- 8 time signals can be set in each segment and each time signal can be set by selecting out of 20 types.
- Refer to [5.4 Time signal motion]
- (6) The SEG alarming of the segment to be operated is set.
- O The SEG PID for the segment to be operated is set.
- (8) When the segment is inserted, one of the buttons (Segment 01 ~ 99) is selected and pressed, the selected button from (Segment 01 ~ 99) and (Insert) button are activated. The selected segment can be inserted when (Insert) button is pressed.
- (9) When the segment is deleted, one of the buttons (Segment 01 ~ 99) is selected and pressed, the selected button from (Segment 01 ~ 99) and (Delete) button are activated. The selected segment can be deleted when (Delete) button is pressed.
- 10 The screen moves to the left/right with 4 segment units.
- 1) When erec (Pattern) button is pressed, it moves to the [Fig. 5-1 Program setting screen].



PROGRAM RUN START

PROGRAM OPERARTION START is done according to the setting of STC (START CODE) setup.

(1)Setting Point Preferred Program Operation (STC = SSP)

▶ When program operation starts, SP starts from SSP and operates until SP1 under 1SEG for set Time 1(TM1).



(2) Slope Preferred Program Operation (STC = S.PV)

▶ When program operation starts Setting Point(SP) starts from the present Process Value(PV) and operates until Setting Point 1(SP1) under SEG1. Based on the contents of program patten, remaining time is calculated as time is passed till operation starting point.

1 When Segment 2 is the first maintaining section.



O When Segment 3 is the first maintaining section



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4 When there is only rising section without maintaining section.



Present Pointing Value	Program Operation Start
а	Operation Not started
b	В
С	С
d	D
е	E(SSP)

(5) When maintaining section starts from Segment 1.



ration Start
В
В
(SSP)

(3) Time Preferred Program Operation (STC = T.PV)

When program operation starts, Setting Point(SP) starts from the present pointing value regardless of slope or Starting Setting Point(SSP) and progresses till Setting Point 1 (SP1) for set time



Present Pointing Value	Program Operation Start
а	А
b	В
С	C
d	D
е	E

- ▶ It is the screen for sub output setting screen.
- Select sub output in [12.1 Control&Transmitting output].
- It is expressed in red in pattern editing screen and the sub output can be set.

PATTERN SET						
PTN NO.					# MAIN	
SEGMENT NO.	SEGMENT 01	SEGMENT 02	SEGMENT 03	SEGMENT 04	DELETE	
TARGET(°⊂)	-200.0	-200.0	-200.0	-200.0		
TIME(H.M.S)	000.01.00	001.00.01	-00.00.01	-00.00.01		
TIME SIGNAL	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $		
SEG ALARM	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		
SEG PID	0	0	0	0	📼 PROG	

▶ When the "Pattern No." is touched in the screen, the input key is displayed for pattern number input.

PATTERN SET			00.03.02 03:21 AM
TIN NO.			** MAIN
TPV			
PATTERN NO. FOR SETTING [1 ~ 40]			
1 2 3 4	56	H BS	ESC
7 8 9 0	. +/-	- CLEAR	ENTER

▶ When the "Start condition" button is pressed, the input key is displayed for start condition setting.

	00.03.02 03:22 AM				
PTN NO.					:: MAIN
START CODE					
TPV 🔽	TPV				
	- SPV				D INSERT
SEGMENT NO.		SEGMENT 02	SEGMENT 03	SEGMENT 04	DELETE
TARGET(°⊂)	SSP	-200.0	-200.0	-200.0	
TIME(H.M.S)	000.01.00	001.00.01	-00.00.01	-00.00.01	
TIME SIGNAL	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	
SEG ALARM	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	
SEG PID	0	0	0	0	E PROG

▶ It is the screen for the start condition with "SPV."

	00.03.02 03:22 AM				
PTN NO.					# MAIN
START CODE					
SPV 🔽					
					D INSERT
SEGMENT NO.	SEGMENT 01	SEGMENT 02	SEGMENT 03	SEGMENT 04	DELETE
TARGET(°⊂)	-200.0	-200.0	-200.0	-200.0	
TIME(H.M.S)	000.01.00	001.00.01	-00.00.01	-00.00.01	
TIME SIGNAL	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	
SEG ALARM	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	
SEG PID	0	0	0	0	📼 PROG

▶ It is the screen for the start condition with "SSP.".

		00.03.02 03:22 AM			
PTN NO.					:: MAIN
START CODE					
SSP 🔽					
-200.0 °C					0 ¹ 0 INSERT
SEGMENT NO.	SEGMENT 01	SEGMENT 02	SEGMENT 03	SEGMENT 04	m DELETE
TARGET(°⊂)	-200.0	-200.0	-200.0	-200.0	
TIME(H.M.S)	000.01.00	001.00.01	-00.00.01	-00.00.01	
TIME SIGNAL	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	
SEG ALARM	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	
SEG PID	0	0	0	0	E PROG

▶ When this word is inactivated, Meeting (Insertion), with the context of the co

	PATTERN SET					
PTN NO.					** MAIN	
START CODE						
TPV V						
					D INSERT	
SEGMENT NO.	SEGMENT 01	SEGMENT 02	SEGMENT 03	SEGMENT 04	DELETE	
TARGET(°⊂)	-200.0	-200.0	-200.0	-200.0		
TIME(H.M.S)	000.01.00	001.00.01	-00.00.01	-00.00.01		
TIME SIGNAL	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $	$\begin{smallmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 $		
SEG ALARM	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		
SEG PID	0	0	0	0	E PROG	

▶ When _____ setting data button is pressed, the input key is displayed to set the setting data.

Z PATTERN SET							00.03 03:23		
PTN NO.								:: MA	N
START CODE									
TPV 🔽									
									RT
					ut on l	OFOMENT	04		
	SP OF 01 SEGM) ~ 1370.0]		-200	. 0					
1 2	2 3	4	5	6	+	BS	ſ	ESC	
7 8	9	0	•	+/-		CLEAR	E		

▶ When (time) button is pressed, the input to set the segment operation time is displayed.

Z PATTERN SET						00.03.02 03 23 AM
PTN NO.						:: MAIN
TPV						
						D INSERT
RUN TIME OF 01 SEG					04	
[000.00.00 ~ 999.5		000H	01M 00	OS		
1 2 3	4	5	6	← BS	F	ESC
789	0	•	+/-	CLEAR	E	

- ▶ When BBBBB (time signal) button is pressed, the input to set the time signal is displayed.
- When $\mathbb{E}(TS)$ button is pressed, the time signal between TS1 ~ TS8 can be set.

PATTERN SET				00.03.02 03 23 AM
PTN NO.				** MAIN
TPV				
TS TYPE OF 01 SEGMENT 0 ~ 20		0 00 00		
1 2 3	4 5	6 TS G.	CLR	ESC ESC
789	0 TS1	TS2 TS3	TS4	

▶ When └─── (SEG alarming) button is pressed, the input key to set the SEG alarming is displayed.

PATTERN SET		00.03.02 03 23 AM
PTN NO.		** MAIN
TPV		
SEG ALARM TYPE OF 01 SEG		04
1 2 3 4	5 6 🗲 CLR	ESC
7 8 9 0	AL1 AL2 AL3 AL4	ENTER

▶ When ____(SEG PID) button is pressed, the input key to set the SEG PID is displayed.

	RN SET				00.03.02 03:26 AM
PTN NO.					## MAIN
	CEONENT OF	SECHENIT OD	CEONENT OF	CEONENT ON	D ^{III} D INSERT
► RUN PID	NO. OF 01 SE D ~ 6]		0		
1 2	2 3	4 5	6 🔶	BS	ESC
7 8	3 9	0.	+/- 💌	CLEAR	

- Select [INSC] button in order to escape from the input screen.
- The setting data in [5.4 Time signal motion] can be input to the wanted time signal group by pressing TS1 ~ TS8 button.

Table 5-1.	Pattern	editing	parameter
------------	---------	---------	-----------

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Pattern No.	1~80	ABS	1
Starting condition	TPV, SPV, SSP	ABS	TPV
Starting condition (SSP)	EU(0.0~100.0%)	EU	EU(0.0%)
Segment #n Target SP	#n.EU(0.0~100.0%)	#n.EU	#n.EU(0.0%)
Segment #n time	-00.00.01(OFF) ~ 999.59.59(Hour, Min, Sec)	ABS	-00.00.01
Segment #n time signal 1 \sim 8	0 ~ 20	ABS	0
Segment #n SEG alarming 1 ~ 4	0 ~ 8	ABS	0
Segment #n SEG PID	0 ~ 6	ABS	0

* Time signal No. 8 shall not be used when electric output setting data is used for sub output. * $\#n: 1 \sim 99$

5.2 Pattern repetition setting

- ▶ It is a screen to set the function for the entire set pattern or partial repetition.
- ▶ In addition, the motion can be set in pattern operation termination.



[Fig. 5-3] Screen for repetition setting of pattern and segment

- 1 The pattern No. to perform the repetition operation is set.
- 2 It sets the repetition operation frequency of the set pattern.
- ③ It sets the pattern No. to be operated continuously at the termination of operation for the set pattern.
- 4 It sets the segment to start the partial repetitive operation out of the set patterns.
- When the starting segment is '1,' it starts with start setting data (SSP) regardless of starting condition (STC).
- (5) It sets the segment to terminate the partial repetitive operation out of set pattern.
- (6) It sets the repetition frequency of partial repetitive operation out of the set patterns.
- O It displays the experiment name of the set pattern.
- The change of experiment name is available only in [5.6 Experiment name setting].
- $\ensuremath{\,\ensuremath{\bowtie}}$ The change is impossible as it is only for reading. .
- \circledast It sets to decide the next motion when the set pattern operation is terminated.
- Properation stop: The pattern termination signal is created and the program stops.
- SEG hold: It is operated with the last operation s1 and the holding state is maintained.
- Connection operation: The pattern which is set the connection pattern is operated.

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Pattern No.	1~80	ABS	1
Repetition frequency	0 (Infinite repetition)~999	ABS	1
Connection pattern	1~80	ABS	1
Motion in pattern termination	Operation stop, SEG hold, Continuous operation	ABS	Operation stop
Segment for starting of the repetition setting 1~4	0~99	ABS	0
Termination segment of repetition setting 1~4	0~99	ABS	0
Repetition frequency 1~4 setting	0~99	ABS	0

Table5-2. Repetition setting parameter

5.3 File editing

- ▶ It is a screen to copy or delete the segment data input to the pattern in [5.1 Program pattern setting].
- ▶ The pattern No. under operation cannot be deleted.
- The deleted pattern cannot be recovered.



[Fig. 5-4] File editing screen-1

- $(\ensuremath{\underline{1}})$ It sets the original pattern No. to be copied.
- 2 It set the first and last digit of the pattern No. to be copied.
- The first pattern is copied when the end pattern is "0."
- ③ Total set pattern number is displayed in [5.1 Program pattern setting].
- The change is impossible as it is only for reading.
- ④ It displays the total segment number set in [5.1 Program pattern setting].
- The change is impossible as it is only for reading.
- 5 It set the first and last digit of the pattern No. to be deleted.
- IF When the end pattern is "0," only the start pattern is deleted.
- 6 It copies the pattern set in 1 to the pattern set in 2.
- O The pattern setting data in S is initialized.
- 8 Every pattern setting data is initialized.

▶ When the copy and deletion are made by wrong input of the pattern No., the message like "It is the parameter setting mistake." Is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

🎆 FILE EDIT				00.03.02 03:34 AM
COPY SOURCE PATTERN NO.	1	COPY TARGET	0	S MAIN
FILE INFORMATIO	N 1/40	DELETE PATTERN		THE SEL.DEL
USED SEGMENT	<mark>3</mark> /600	END PATTERN	0	TALL.DEL
PARAME	TER SETT	ING SET ERROR		🔲 PROG

[Fig. 5-5] File editing screen-2

Table	5-3.	File	editina	parameter
1 0010	U U U		ouning	parameter

Parameter		Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Р	attern No.	1~80	ABS	0
Conv	Start pattern	0~80	ABS	0
Copy End Pattern		0~80	ABS	0
	Сору	Non-use, Use	ABS	Non-use
Selective	Start pattern	0~80	ABS	0
deletion	End Pattern	0~80	ABS	0
	SEL.DEL	Non-use, Use	ABS	Non-use
	ALL.DEL	Non-use, Use	ABS	Non-use

▶ Refer to Table 5-4 for message expression.

Table 5-4 Message expression

Contents of message	Explanation
"No stored at the selected pattern."	It is displayed to copy when nothing is stored into the pattern No.
"The copy is completed on the selected pattern."	It is displayed when the selected pattern copy is completed.
"The deletion of the selected pattern was completed."	It is displayed when the selected pattern is deleted completely.
"The deletion of every pattern is completed."	It is displayed when every pattern is completely deleted.
"The pattern to be copies is being used."	It is displayed when the pattern is being used.

5.4 Time signal operation

- The time signal motion is classified into ON/OFF Motion, time setting motion and the set time signal is used for time signal No. setting in the segment setting of [5.1 Program pattern setting].
- 5.4.1 Time signal ON/OFF Motion



[Fig. 5-6] Time signal setting the 1st screen

- ① The time signal is OFF during the segment operation time corresponding to '0.'
 Image is impossible as it is only for reading.
- 2 The time signal is ON during the segment operation time corresponding to '1.'
- The change is impossible as it is only for reading.
- ③ The screen moves up/down with 6 time signal unit.

5.4.2 Time signal time setting motion

▶ Time signal 2~20(TS2~20) is operated depending on the delay time and operation time.

TIME SI	GNAL SET			00.03.02 03 38 AM
TS6(HOUR.MI	N.SEC)	TS9(HOUR.MI	N.SEC)	# MAIN
DELAY TIME	000.00.00	DELAY TIME	000.00.00	
OPER. TIME	000.00.00	OPER. TIME	000.00.00	
TS7(HOUR.MI	N.SEC)	TS10(HOUR.MI	N.SEC)	
DELAY TIME	000.00.00	DELAY TIME	000.00.00	
OPER. TIME	000.00.00	OPER. TIME	000.00.00	
TS8(HOUR.MI	N.SEC)	TS11(HOUR.MI	N.SEC)	
DELAY TIME	000.00.00	DELAY TIME	000.00.00	
OPER. TIME	000.00.00	OPER. TIME	000.00.00	T
				E PROG

[Fig. 5-7] Time signal setting the 2nd screen

TIME SI	GNAL SET			00.03.02 03:38 AM
TS12(HOUR.MI	N.SEC)	TS15(HOUR.MI	IN.SEC)	SE MAIN
DELAY TIME	000.00.00	DELAY TIME	000.00.00	
OPER. TIME	000.00.00	OPER. TIME	000.00.00	
TS13(HOUR.MI	N.SEC)	TS16(HOUR.M	IN.SEC)	
DELAY TIME	000.00.00	DELAY TIME	000.00.00	
OPER. TIME	000.00.00	OPER. TIME	000.00.00	
TS14(HOUR.MI	N.SEC)	TS17(HOUR.M	IN.SEC)	
DELAY TIME	000.00.00	DELAY TIME	000.00.00	
OPER. TIME	000.00.00	OPER. TIME	000.00.00	▼ ▲
				E PROG

[Fig. 5-8] Time signal setting the 3rd screen

TIME SIG	INAL SET	00.03.02 03 38 AM
TS18(HOUR.MIN DELAY TIME OPER. TIME	SEC) 000.00.00	** MAIN
TS19(HOUR.MIN DELAY TIME	1	
OPER. TIME	000.00.00	
1 DELAY TIME 2 OPER. TIME	000.00.00	PROG

[Fig. 5-9] Time signal setting the 4th screen

- ① The time signal is ON after the setting time from the corresponding segment starting point till the delayed time.
- From However, the time sign is not ON when the delay time is bigger than corresponding segment time.
- ② The time signal operated in ON by the delayed time in the corresponding segment is ON only for the setting time in the operation time.
- However, when [Delay time+Motion time] is bigger than corresponding segment time, the time signal is ON during corresponding segment operation and it does not make influence on the next segment.

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Delay time	000.00.00(OFF) ~999.59.59(Hr. Min, Sec)	ABS	000.00.00
Operation time	000.00.00(OFF) ~999.59.59(Hr. Min, Sec)	ABS	000.00.00

5.4.3 Examples of operation when the input time signal

S	Setting	Time signal operation
N SEG TIME ≥ Delay time + Operation	1. Delay time = 000.00.00 Time signal 2 setting data	ON TS1 OFF SEGMENT (N-1) SEG TIME N SEG TIME (N+1) SEG TIME
time	2. Delay time ≠ 000.00.00 Time signal 3 setting data	ON TS2 OFF SEGMENT (N-1) SEG TIME N SEG TIME (N+1) SEG TIME
N SEG TIME < Delay time + Operation time	3. Delay time = 000.00.00 Time signal 4 setting data	ON TS3 OFF SEGMENT (N-1) SEG TIME N SEG TIME (N+1) SEG TIME
It does not make influence on the next segment.	4. Delay time ≠ 000.00.00 Time signal 5 setting data	ON TS4 OFF SEGMENT (N-1) SEG TIME N SEG TIME (N+1) SEG TIME

5.5 Standby operation

- ▶ It is a screen to set the standby range and time to standby during program operation
- ► The set standby operation here is applied to [5.1 Program pattern setting].
- * Definition on standby operation
 - Condition for entering the standby operation
 - we When the measured data do not enter to the standby operation setting range within segment time.
 - Condition for releasing the standby operation
 - When the measured data enters to the standby operation within segment time.
 - When the standby time is not set (initial value), the standby time shall have the infinite value.



[Fig. 5-10] Screen for setting the standby operation

- 1 It sets Y/N of using the standby operation.
- 0 It sets the operation range to adapt the standby operation.
- ③ When the measured data do not enter the standby operation range, the standby time to be applied is set.
- When the standby operation time is set as 00.00, it standby infinitely until entering to the standby operation range.
- ④ It sets the standby operation method in "Total" or "SEG Maintain."
- When the entire is set, the standby operation is applied to the entire segment set in [5.1 Program pattern setting].
- When the SEG Maintain is set, the standby operation is applied only to the segment for maintain range which is set in [5.1 Program pattern setting].

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Standby operation setting	Non-use, Use	ABS	Non-use
Standby operation range	EUS(0.00~100.00%)	EUS	EUS(0.00%)
Standby operation time	0.00~99.59 (Hr.Min)	ABS	00.00
Standby operation type	Entire, SEG Maintain	ABS	Entire

Table 5-5. Standby operation setting parameter

- ▶ The relation between s1 and standby time is as follows.
- S1 scope : It displays the standby operation range.

1 Release WAIT Operation within WAIT TIME



② When Measure Point does not reach Wait Zone within Wait Time.


5.6 Experiment name setting

- The experiment name can be set to each pattern.
- ▶ Refer to [3.3.2 Program operation the 1st operation screen].

	🖌 РАТТ	ERN	NAME SET	00.03.02 03:40 AM
	PATTER	N NAM	E SET	SEMAIN
	PATTERN	1	EXPERIMENT OF PATTERN 1	
	PATTERN	2	EXPERIMENT OF PATTERN 2	
	PATTERN	3	EXPERIMENT OF PATTERN 3	
	PATTERN	4	EXPERIMENT OF PATTERN 4	
-	PATTERN	5	EXPERIMENT OF PATTERN 5	
	PATTERN	6	EXPERIMENT OF PATTERN 6	
	PATTERN	7	EXPERIMENT OF PATTERN 7	
	PATTERN	8	EXPERIMENT OF PATTERN 8	-
				E PROG

[Fig. 5-11] Experiment name setting screen

- 1 The experiment name of each pattern can be input.
- 2 It converts to the next or previous experiment name screen.
- ▶ When DEFENDENT OF PATTERN T (Name) button is pressed, the input key to set the experiment name is displayed.

PATTERN NAME SET									00.03.02 03 40 AM
PATTE	ERN NAME	SET						** MAIN	
NAME OF PATTERN 1									
Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	H	Ι	J
К	L	M	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т
U	V	W	X	Y	Z	(#	_
1	2	3	4	5	6	+	CLR	ſ	SC
7	8	9	0	•	-	:	SP	EN	TER

[Fig. 5-12] Experiment name input screen

Table 5-6. Experiment name setting parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Experiment name 1~80	0~9, A~Z, Special character (Maximum 24 characters)	ABS	EXPERIMENT OF PATTERN 1~ 80

6. Graph display and saving setting

6.1 Pattern graph display

- This screen displays the operation pattern and process time with graph during program operation.
- It converts to the 1st screen (Pattern graph display)] when [Graph & Save] is selected at the upper left of [Fig. 3-1 Main Screen].
- ▶ 에서It is a screen to display the input pattern in [Fig. 5-2 Pattern editing screen].
- Immuni (Pattern No.) and Immuni (Display time) can be changed during the graph process.



[Fig. 6-2] Graph & Save the 1st screen (Pattern graph display)

- ① It displays the graph setting menu
- The parameter related with the pattern graph operation is displayed at the bottom depending on the ON/OFF operation of graph menu button.
- 2 The pattern No. to be expressed is set.
- When [[](Pattern No.) button is pressed, the key to set the pattern No. is displayed.
- Refer to [Fig. 6-4 Pattern No. Input Screen]
- 3 The time of X axis on the graph X is set.
- When Maximum (Display time) button is pressed, the key to set the time on X axis is displayed.
- $\ensuremath{\,\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle \blacksquare}}$ The time on the X axis can be changed during operation.
- 4 It moves to the current screen to the next screen.

- (5) When the (Left/Right) button is pressed at present page, it changes into the previous/next stage on the time axis.
- ▶ It is a screen to display the process time of the segment.



[Fig. 6-3] Graph & Save the 1st screen (Program operation)

- 1 It displays the current temperature even during the operation
- 2 It colors into light green on the part where the operation is processed.
- ③ It displays the set pattern process time in [5.1 Program pattern setting].
- ▶ It is a screen to input the pattern No. to be displayed on the graph.
- The pattern No. can be input even during operation.



[Fig. 6-4] Pattern No. input screen

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Pattern No.	1 ~ 80	ABS	1
Display time	30 min, 1 hour, 3 hours, 6 hours, 12 hours, 24 hours	ABS	30 minutes

6.2 Measured data (PV) graph view

- It is a screen to display by opening the data file recorded in [3.2.3 Stationary operation the 2nd operation screen] and [3.3.3 Program the 2nd operation screen].
- ▶ The date and time stored in the internal memory is displayed on the top of the screen.



- ① It displays the channel which is being saved now.
- ☞ Refer to [Fig. 6-5, Fig. 6-6 Graph & Save setting the 2nd screen].
- 0 It moves from current screen to the next screen.
- 3 It moves to the start and end of the displayed PV graph page.
- 4 It moves on the graph screen by one page.
- (5) The blue line on the graph screen is moved up/down by 1 dot.
- When the screen is touched, it displays the data on the indicated point while the blue line is moved.
- ▶ It is a screen without the selection items in the channel items which is being saved.

20000								03.02 42 AM
MAIN PV 0	-200 	114 60	428 1 120	742 180	1056 240	1370 300	:: M	AIN
MAIN SP			uluuluu	andun landan	minulanian		t	+
-200.0	00-08-0; 03:21							
SCH1 PV							P V	FILE
SCH2 PV	03:19						Ŧ	¥
300.0							•	
	02.17				1MIN	/DIV	-	
USE/TO	USE/TOTAL MEMORY: 7.0MB / 1910.5MB						<i>≓</i> 11	RANS

[Fig. 6-6] Graph & Save setting the 2nd screen (Graph display is not selected.)

- ▶ It is a screen to display the saved file into the internal memory.
- ▶ Refer to [3.2.3 Stationary operation the 2nd operation screen] and [3.3.3 Program operation the 2nd operation screen] for saving into internal memory.

20000302/TP031407.MP	¥.	00.03.02 03:42 AM	
-200 114 428 24.5 0 60 120	742 1056 1370 audustruktur lautus 180 240 300	** MAIN	
	20000302/TP022810.MPV	+ +	
	20000302/TP022933.MPV 20000302/TP030927.MPV		_ 2
	20000302/TP031043.MPV 20000302/TP031242.MPV	PV FILE	• ()
	20000302/TP031407.MPV		← 3
		-	
USE/TOTAL MEMORY: 7.	6MB / 1910.5MB	TRANS	← ④

[Fig. 6-7] Graph & Save setting the 2nd screen (Display of stored screen)

- ① When Immed (PV file) button is pressed, it shows the saved file in the internal memory.
- 2 It displays the saved file into the internal memory in 8 units.
- ③ When 🖛 (up/down) button is pressed, it moves to the 8 units of stored files.
- 4 The recorded PV file in the internal memory is copied to the SD card.
- When there is no SD card option, it is inactivated during the PV graph saving in operation screen.
- When the graph is not saved, it cannot be transmitted into the internal memory as the memory is not saved.

6.3 Setting the measure data (PV) graph saving

► It is a screen to set the display range and sampling time in [3.2.3 Stationary operation the 2nd operation screen] and [3.3.3 Program operation the 2nd operation screen].



[Fig. 6-8] Graph & Save setting the 3rd screen

- 1 It sets the PV graph saving period.
- It cannot be saved during PV graph saving.
- About 25 days of saving is available when the sampling time is set 1 second in saving into the internal memory.
- 2 It sets the Y/N of the data saving into SD CARD.
- Provide the Auto Hata automatically in link with Operation/Stop.
- F Manual: It saves the data manually by the save key on the operation the 2nd screen.
- 3 It sets the saving media where the data to be saved.
- The saved data stored into the internal memory is erased when the power is OFF.

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data							
Sampling time	00.01 ~ 99.59 (Min, Sec)	ABS	00.01							
Save motion setting	ion setting Auto, Manual		Auto							
Save media	Memory, SD card, both of them	ABS	Both of them							

Table 6-2. Graph & Save the 3rd screen parameter

- ▶ It is a screen to set the pen using on the PV graph.
- ▶ It can set up to Pen 6.



[Fig. 6-9] Graph & Save setting the $4^{\rm th}$ screen-1



[Fig. 6-10] Graph & Save setting the 4th screen-2

- 1 It sets the pen name on PV graph.
- It is changed at the tag name change in [Fig. 7-1 Screen Display Setting]. However, the user tag name is not changed in name changing on this screen.
- 0 It selects the parameter to be displayed by pen 1.
- PV on the main is display when CH1.PV is selected. PV can be displayed by selecting the sub channel to be displayed when the sub channel is selected.
- 3 It sets the scale of the pen.
- 4 It selects the parameter to be displayed by pen 2.
- The SP in the main is displayed when CH1.SP is selected. PV can be displayed by selecting the sub channel to be displayed when the sub channel is selected.
- ⑤ It moves the page up/down at the curent screen.
- (6) It selects the parameter to be displayed by pen 3.
- MV on the main is display when CH1.MV is selected. PV can be displayed by selecting the sub channel to be displayed when the sub channel is selected.
- O It selects the parameter to be displayed by pen 4.
- PV can be displayed by selecting non-use or sub channel.
- Pen 5, 6 is same with pen 4.

6.4 SD memory storage setting

▶ It is a set the necessary item in data backup on SD card.

It is a screen to display only in SD card option.

	SD MEMORY RECORD SET	00.03.02 03:43 AM	
1		** MAIN	
0 -		← →	
	TEMP2500M 🔿 SD CARD		
2	USE/TOTAL MEMORY: 10.0MB / 1910.5MB		— (3)

[Fig 6-11] Graph & Save setting the 5th screen

- ① It sets the transmitting item and transmitting direction in SD CARD and TEMP2000M.
- Download : It means the transmitting the selected items out of the TEMP2000M internal data to SD card.
- Pload : It means the transmitting the selected items out of the saved data in SD card to TEMP2000M.
- Ptn: The pattern set in [5.1 Program pattern setting] can be downloaded or uploaded.
- Para: The set parameter can be downloaded or uploaded.
- Pattern and parameter can be downloaded or uploaded.
- 2 It displays current SD CARD capacity.
- It is displayed when SD CARD is inserted.
- ③ The **Eme**(Transmitting) button is activated when the program and stationary operation are stopped and download or upload is available when **Eme**(Transmitting) button is pressed.

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Transmission item	PTN, Para, All	ABS	Pattern
Transmission direction	Downloadl, upload	ABS	Download

Table 6-3. Graph & Save the 5th screen parameter

7. Screen display setting

7.1 Screen display setting

▶ It is a screen to set the font and to control the screen brightness to be displayed in operation screen.



[Fig. 7-1] Screen display setting the 1st screen

- 1 It sets the Y/N of buzzer sound.
- 2 The back light saving time can be set.
- The power saving operation time sets the operation point of the back light OFF when there is no button control.
- 3 LCD brightness is controlled with = button.
- The buzzer sound which is created in DI error is not OFF even though it is set in non-use.
- 4 The user tag name can be set.
- Maximum 6 digits can be set and the set tag shall be displayed on the operation screen.
- ☞ Refer to [Fig. 7-2 User tag name setting screen]
- The pen name of graph pen related parameter setting is changed. (In case of sub channel of pen selection.)
 - Refer to [Fig. 6-9 Graph & Save setting the 4th screen-2]
- 5 It moves to the next or previous screen.

▶ It is a screen to set the user tag name.

DISPLAY SET 00.03.02 03 51 AM									
BUZZER SOUND									
SETTING OF USER TAG NAME ALPHABET / NUMERIC]									
Α	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	Ι	J
К	L	Μ	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т
U	V	W	X	Y	Z	(#	_
1	2	3	4	5	6	+	CLR	D	SC
7	8	9	0	•	-	:	SP	EN	TER

[그림 7-2] Setting of user tag name screen

표 7-1. Display set the 1st parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Buzzer sound	Non-use, Use	ABS	Use
Power saving operation time	0 ~ 99 MIN	ABS	10
LED brightness	1~8	ABS	8 column
User tag	Non-use, Use	ABS	Non-use
Tag name	0~9, A~Z, special character (Maximum 6 characters)	ABS	SUB CH#n

* n = 1 ~ 6

7.2 DI error occurrence history view

- ▶ It is a screen to display the DI type, date and time where the error is created.
- Maximum 30 error history is displayed.
- The earliest numbers out of the displayed errors are deleted when more than 30 errors are created and the created errors are added at the end.



[Fig. 7-3] DI error creation history screen

- 1 The history is display in case of DI error creation.
- The name set in [19.2 DI error name] is displayed.
- $\ensuremath{\,\cong\,}$ The change is impossible as it is only for reading.
- 2 $\,$ It deletes entire DI error creation history.
- 3 $\ensuremath{$ It checks the next or previous error history.

Table 7-2. Display set the 2nd screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Entire deletion	Non-use, Use	ABS	Non-use

- ▶ It is a screen for DI error creation.
- ▶ The character and photo screen setting can be made in [19. DI function and operation setting].
- ▶ When ► (Recovery) button is pressed, it is converted to the operation screen by escaping from DI error screen.
- The same error creation is neglected for 1 minute when it is escaped from the screen through the DI (Recovery) button after DI creation.

Ex) When it is escaped with "Recovery" during DI1 creation, the DI1 creation is neglected for 1 minute and DI error screen is displayed when DI1 creation state after 1 minute.

* The neglect ion here means the DI error screen.

- Image: Buzzer blocking) button is button to block the warning sound during DI error creation.
 - Ex) Explanation on the lamp state
 - * DI related lamp is ON in DI related error creation. (The DIS ENCONCED (Character), 2.8 (Photo))
 - * DI related lamp is OFF after DI error creation. (DI THE DI BRANC COLLEGE (Character), 25 (Photo))



[Fig. 7-4] Screen of DI when error is displayed in letter



[Fig. 7-5] Screen of DI when error is displayed in photo

7.3 Heater disconnection state

▶ It is a screen to display the heater disconnection creation.

HEATER BREAK STATUS	00.03.02 03.55 AM
1 HEATER BREAK ALARM MAIN CH O A SUB CH1 O A SUB CH2 O A SUB CH3 UNUSE SUB CH4 UNUSE SUB CH5 UNUSE SUB CH6 UNUSE	

[Fig. 7-4] Heater disconnection state creation

- When the heater is disconnected which is connected to the main and sub channel, it is changed into.
- 2 It is the name of main and sub channel.
- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ It displays the current data on the heater.
- 4 $\overset{}{}$ It moves to the next or previous screen.

표	7-3	Display	set the	2 nd	screen	parameter
---	-----	---------	---------	-----------------	--------	-----------

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Heater disconnection warning	A ~ Z, 1~ 9	ABS	_
Heater disconnection electric current display	_	ABS	_

8. Time setting

▶ It is a screen to set the current time and operation appointment time.



[Fig. 8-1] Time setting screen

- 1 It sets the year, month, day and time.
- The present time cannot be changed during the recording of the measured data and operation.
- 2 It sets the year, month, day and time for appointed operation.
- ③ When (Appointment) button is pressed, the operation is started at the appointed time.
- When end (Appointment) button is pressed, the appointed time is displayed on the operation screen as in the [Fig. 8-2 Operation appointment setting screen].



[Fig. 8-2] Operation appointment setting screen

Param	eter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
	Year	2000~2099	ABS	-
	Month	1~12	ABS	_
Present time	Day	1~31	ABS	-
Flesent time	AM/PM	AM, PM	ABS	-
	Hour	1~12	ABS	-
	Minute	0~59	ABS	-
	Year	2000~2099	ABS	2011
	Month	1~12	ABS	8
Appointed operation	Day	1~31	ABS	1
time	AM/PM	AM, PM	ABS	AM
	Hour	1~12	ABS	12
	Minute	0~59	ABS	0
Appoint	tment	Click fo	r appointment	

Table 8-1. Appointment operation setting parameter

* AM12:00 : AM 00:00

* PM12:00 : PM 12:00

9. Communication error

- ▶ When communication between display and control unit is wrong, the message like the "Control part was disconnected" is displayed in [Fig. 9–1 Control Unit Communication error screen].
- ▶ When communication between display and I/O board communication is wrong, the message like "I/O board was disconnected" is displayed in in [Fig. 9-2 I/O board Communication error screen].



[Fig. 9-1] Control unit communication error screen



[Fig. 9-2] I/O Board communication error screen

※ No communication situation

- ① Communication cable defect
- O No connection of communication cable

10. System setting

10.1 Main screen

▶ The basic screen is as follows.



[Fig. 10-1] Main screen

- When ① and ② in [Fig. 10-1 Main screen] are pressed in sequence, the screen [Fig. 10-2 Password input screen] is displayed.
- ▶ When the password is input in [Fig. 10-2 Password input screen], it is converted to [Fig. 10-3 System parameter setting screen].
- The password is set in '0' when it is outgoing from factory.
- Set the password in [21. System initial setting] when there is a necessity to block the access of the general user.



[Fig. 10-2] Password input screen

▶ The system parameter setting screen is as follows.



[Fig. 10-3] System parameter setting screen

SYMBOL	ltem	Function	Remarks
AND NO THE	Input set	Parameter setting related with input sensor type and sensor input	
M	Output set	Parameter setting related with output type and output	
M	Inner signal	Parameter setting related with inner signal	
1 Alexandre	ON/OFF signal	Parameter setting related with ON/OFF signal	
	Alarm & HBA	Parameter setting related with alarm signal and heater disconnection	
0.0 1.0	PID group	Parameter setting related with PID	
	Communication	Parameter setting related with communication	
	DO config	Parameter setting related with I/O board relay output signal	
0	DI config	Parameter setting related with outside contact input signal	
	Pictures view	Parameter setting related with user BMP setting screen	
	Initial set	Parameter setting related with basic setting related with screen configuration	
Ē	Channel change	Refer to [Fig. 22-1 Sub channel parameter setting screen] with setting the system parameter in main or sub channel.	

- The wrong operation can be created when the setting data is changed into the wrong data inside the system setting screen.
- Ser Screen setting: It is activated with SD card option and inactivated without option.

10.2 System parameter setting procedure

The system parameter setting procedures which shall be preferentially treated in product installation are as follows.

Setting sequence	SYMBOL	Item	Function	Remarks
1	ALL OF THE OF	 Input set Temperature sensor type setting Sensor use scope setting Other parameter setting 		PAGE 88
2	Output set		 Output type setting Output direction setting Other parameter setting 	PAGE 96
З		DO config	DO CONFIG Parameter setting	PAGE 105
4	M	Communication	Parameter setting	PAGE 115

11. Sensor input

11.1 Sensor input setting

11.1.1 Sensor input the 1st screen

► Temperature (T/C, RTD, DCV) sensor is selected.

The sensor setting shall be set at first certainly.



[Fig. 11-1] Input sensor setting the 1st screen (In case of T/C setting.)

- 1 It sets the input sensor.
- Parameter for the unit described with EU and EUS shall be changed proportionally with the current data in case of sensor change. However, the upper lower range setting data is initialized.
- It cannot be changed during operation. .
- 2 It determines the type of input sensor.
- The setting screen is displayed [Fig. 11-2 Sensor type setting screen (In case of T/C setting.)].
- ☞ Refer to [Table 11-1. Sensor input setting the 1st screen parameter].
- 3 It set the display unit.
- The setting screen is displayed like [Fig. 11-3 Display unit setting screen (In case of T/C setting.)].
- ☞ Refer to [Table 11–1. Sensor input setting the 1st screen parameter]
- ④ It sets the use/non-use of thermocouple.
- ☞ It selects the use/non-use of RJC when the sensory type is T/C.
- 5 It moves to [Fig. 10-1 Main screen].
- 6 It sets the scope of use for the set sensor.
- The parameter related with EU and EUS such as auto tuning and alarm can be changed in its operation point and setting data at the changes of the Lower limit range (RL) and Upper limit range (RH).
- ☞ Refer to [Table 11-1. Sensor input setting the ^{1st} screen parameter]
- $\ensuremath{\overline{\mathcal{O}}}$ It moves from present screen to the next screen.
- \circledast Input calibration (BIAS function)
- It calibrates the temperature input deviation.
- 9 Sensor filter
- It sets the sensor filter time when the high frequency noise is included into input signal.
- ${\scriptstyle \textcircled{00}}$ The operation direction for the PV (Present Value) is set in case of sensor disconnection.
- 1 It moves to [Fig. 10-3 System parameter setting screen].

SENSOR INPUT SET				00.03.02 03:59 AM
SENSOR GROUP	ТС-К1	TC-K2		SEMAIN
SENSOR TYPE	TC-J	TC-E	°c	+ +
SENSOR SELECT TC-K2	TC-T	TC-R	°c	
DISPLAY UNIT	TC-B	TC-S	SEC	
UNIT SELECT °C V	TC-L	TC-N	DWN	
T/C TC+RJC RJC	TC-U	TC-W		
	TC-PLA	TC-C		🙆 SETUP
				SETUP

[Fig. 11-2] Sensor type setting screen (In case of T/C setting)

SENSOR INPUT SET			00.03.02 03:59 AM
SENSOR GROUP	SENSOR RAN	IGE	** MAIN
T/C RTD DCV	RANGE HIGH	1370.0 °⊂	
SENSOR TYPE	RANGE LOW	-200.0 °⊏	
SENSOR SELECT TC-K2	BIAS	0.0 °c	
DISPLAY UNIT	SENSOR FILTER	0 SEC	
UNIT SELECT C	PV WHEN S.	OPN	
T/C DISPL.	🥥 UNSET 🥥 UP	P OWN	
			🔅 SETUP

[Fig. 11-3] Display unit setting screen (In case of T/C, RTD setting)

▶ When the temperature sensor is set in RTD, the following screen is displayed.)

SENSOR INPUT SET			00.03.02 03 [.] 59 AM
SENSOR GROUP	SENSOR RAM	IGE	: MAIN
T/C RTD DCV	RANGE HIGH	850.0 °⊂	
SENSOR TYPE	RANGE LOW	-200.0 °⊂	
SENSOR SELECT PT A	BIAS	0.0 °c	
	SENSOR FILTER	0 SEC	
UNIT SELECT °C	PV WHEN S.	OPN	
	🥥 UNSET 🥥 UF	P OWN	
			🙆 SETUP

[Fig. 11-4] Sensor input setting the 1st screen (In case of RTD setting.)

• One of the 6 sensor types can be selected.

SENSOR	NPUT SET					00.03.02 03 59 AM
SENSOR GRO	UP	SENSOF	r Range			# MAIN
	D OCV	RANGE HIGH	· 「	850.0	°c	
SENSOR TYP	°E	RANGE LOW	Γ.	-200.0	°c	
SENSOR SELECT	PT A	BIAS	Г	0.0	°c	
DISPLAY UN	PT A	PT B	TER	0	SEC	
UNIT SELECT	PT C	PT D	N S.OP	N OD	OWN	
	JPT A	JPT B	01	00		
						😟 SETUP

[Fig. 11-5] Sensor type setting screen (In case of RTD setting.)

▶ When the temperature sensor is set in DCV, the following screen is displayed.



[Fig. 11-6] Sensor input setting the 1st screen (In case of DVC setting.)

- 1 It sets the digit under the decimal point.
- ☞ Refer to [Fig. 11-9 Decimal point setting screen].
- 0 It sets the scope of use for the voltage input sensor.
- ③ SCALE upper limit·lower limit: It sets the display scale for the input voltage.

• One of five sensor types can be selected.

SENSOR INPUT SET			00.03.02 04:00 AM			
SENSOR GROUP	SENSOR GROUP					
T/C RTD OCV	RANGE HIGH	2.000 V				
SENSOR TYPE	RANGE LOW	0.400 V				
SENSOR SELECT 0.4~2.0V		0.0 °c				
	0.4~2.0V	0 SEC				
UNIT SELECT	1~5V H	100.0 °c				
	0~10V	0.0 °c				
DOT POSITION		OPN				
DOT POSITION 1	-10~20MV					
	0~100MV	Domi	🙆 SETUP			

[Fig. 11-7] Sensor type setting screen (In case of DCV setting.)

• One of 12 units can be selected and used.

SENSOR I	NPUT SET			_	00.03.02 04 02 AM
SENSOR GRO	_°	− °⊨	EDITABLE		SE MAIN
SENSOR TY	- %	Pa		v v	← →
SENSOR SELECT		mV	- _V	°⊂	
DISPLAY UN	Ω	Torr	kgF	SEC	
UNIT SELECT	°c 🔽	SCALE LOW	0.0	°C	
		PV WHE	N S.OPN		
DOT POSITION	1	UNSET	●UP ●DO	WN	
					🧿 SETUP

[Fig. 11-8] Display unit setting screen (In case of DCV setting.)

▶ It is a screen to select the place of decimal point.

SENSOR INPUT SET			00.03.02 04:02 AM
SENSOR GROUP	SENSOR RANG	GE	II MAIN
T/C RTD OCV	RANGE HIGH	2.000 V	
SENSOR TY	RANGE LOW	0.400 V	+ +
SENSOR SELECT	BIAS	0.0 °c	
1	SENSOR FILTER	0 SEC	
	SCALE HIGH	100.0 °c	
UNIT SELECT	SCALE LOW	0.0 °c	
DOT POSITI 3	PV WHEN S.O	DN	
DOT POSITION 1	UNSET UP	O DOWN	
		DOWN	
			SETUP

[Fig. 11-9] Decimal point setting screen (In case of DCV setting)

Table 11-1.	Sensor	input	setting	the	1 st	screen	parameter
-------------	--------	-------	---------	-----	------	--------	-----------

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Sensor group	T/C, RTD, DCV	ABS	T/C
Sensor type	TC-K1, TC-K2, TC-J, TC-E, TC-T, TC-R, TC-B, TC-S, TC-L, TC-N, TC-U, TC-W, TC-PLA, TC-C	ABS	TC-K2 (When sensor group is T/C.)
Gensor type	PT A, PT B, PT C, PT D, JPT A, JPT B	ABS	PT A (When sensor group is RTD.)
	0.4~2.0V, 1~5V, 0~10V, -1~20MV, 0~100MV	ABS	0.4~2.0V (When sensor group is DCV.)
	°C, °F	ABS	Ĉ
Display unit	℃, °F, SPACE, %, Pa, kPa, %RH, mV, V, Ω, Torr, Kgf	ABS	℃ (When sensor group is DCV.)
Decimal point	0~3	ABS	1 (When sensor group is DCV.)
Thermocouple display	T/C, TC+RJC, RJC	ABS	TC+RJC (When sensor group is T/C.)
Upper limit range	EU(0.0 ~ 100.0%) Lower limit range < Upper limit	EU	EU(100.0%)
Lower limit range	range < opper minit range	EU	EU(0.0%)
Input calibration	EUS (-100.0 ~ 100.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.0%)
Sensor filter	0~120 SEC	초	0
SCALE upper limit	−199.9 ~ 3000.0℃ SCALE lower limit < SCALE upper	°C	100.0 (When sensor group is DCV.)
SCALE lower limit	limit	Ĵ	0.0 (When sensor group is DCV.)

* The upper limit/lower limit for the sensor group, sensor type, upper limit.lower limit of the scope, display unit scale upper limit/lower limit cannot be changed during operation.

11.1.2 Sensor input the 2nd screen

- ▶ It calibrates the temperature range input.
- ▶ The range calibration is applied in the form of the equation of the first between the calibration points.

	SENSOR I	PIECE BI	AS		00.03.0 04 02 A	
1 — 2 — 3 —	PIECE BIAS1 PIECE BIAS2 PIECE BIAS2 PIECE BIAS3 PIECE BIAS5 PIECE BIAS5 PIECE BIAS5 PIECE BIAS5 PIECE BIAS5	S POINT 0.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	VALUE 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	PV S.M		
					SETUP	

[Fig. 11-10] Sensor input calibration screen for each range

- 1 It sets the input calibration of the temperature.
- 2 It sets the temperature at each basic point for temperature calibration.
- 3 It sets the calibration temperature at each basic temperature.
- ④ It displays the input calibration adopted temperature.
- The change by touching is impossible as it is only for reading.

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Input calibration 1 data Input calibration 2 data Input calibration 3 data Input calibration 4 data Input calibration 5 data Input calibration 6 data Input calibration 7 data Input calibration 8 data	EUS(-10.0 ~ 10.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.0%)
Input calibration 1 point Input calibration 2 point Input calibration 3 point Input calibration 4 point Input calibration 5 point Input calibration 6 point Input calibration 7 point Input calibration 8 point	EU(0.0 ~ 100.0%) PV of Lower limit range ≤ PV of Input calibration1 point ≤ PV of Input calibration2 point ≤ PV of Input calibration3 point ≤ PV of Input calibration4 point ≤ PV of Input calibration5 point ≤ PV of Input calibration6 point ≤ PV of Input calibration7 point ≤ PV of Input calibration7 point	EU	EU(0.0%) EU(100.0%) EU(100.0%) EU(100.0%) EU(100.0%) EU(100.0%) EU(100.0%)
	≤ PV of Input calibration8 point ≤ PV of Upper limit range		EU(100.0%)

11.3 PIECE BIAS setting

- ▶ It displays Section Input Compensation.
- ▶ It explains for CH1, and CH2 is same as CH1.



- Calculation method by Compensation Section
- ① Compensated Temperature between Low Limit ~ Input Comp. Point 1 Section

= Actual Sensor Temperature + Input Comp. 1 Value

- ② Compensated Temperature between Input Comp. 1 ~ Input Comp. 2 Section
 - = Actual Sensor Temperature + (Actual Sensor Temperature Input Comp. Point 1) X

(Input Comp. 2 Value – Input Comp. 1 Value)

+ Input Comp. 1 Value (Input Comp. Point 2 - Input Comp. Point 1)

③ Compensated Temperature between Input Comp. 2 ~ Input Comp. 3 Section

= Actual Sensor Temperature + (Actual Sensor Temperature - Input Comp. Point 2) X

(Input Comp. 3 Value – Input Comp. 2 Value)

(Input Comp. Point 3 - Input Comp. Point 2) + Input Comp. 2 Value

④ Compensated Temperature between Input Comp. 3 ~ Input Comp. 4 Section

= Actual Sensor Temperature + (Actual Sensor Temperature - Input Comp. Point 3) X

(Input Comp. 4 Value – Input Comp. 3 Value)

+ Input Comp. 3 Value

(Input Comp. Point 4 – Input Comp. Point 3)

(5) Compensated Temperature between Input Comp. 4 ~ Input Comp. 5 Section

= Actual Sensor Temperature + (Actual Sensor Temperature - Input Comp. Point 4) X

(Input Comp. 5 Value - Input Comp. 4 Value)

+ Input Comp. 4 Value (Input Comp. Point 5 - Input Comp. Point 4)

6 Compensated Temperature between Input Comp. 5 ~ Input Comp. 6 Section

= Actual Sensor Temperature + (Actual Sensor Temperature - Input Comp. Point 5) X

(Input Comp. 6 Value - Input Comp. 5 Value)

(Input Comp. Point 6- Input Comp. Point 5) + Input Comp. 5 Value

⑦ Compensated Temperature between Input Comp. 6 ∼ Input Comp. 7 Section

= Actual Sensor Temperature + (Actual Sensor Temperature - Input Comp. Point 6) X

(Input Comp. 7 Value - Input Comp. 6 Value)

+ Input Comp. 6 Value

(Input Comp. Point 7– Input Comp. Point 6)

8 Compensated Temperature between Input Comp. 7 ~ Input Comp. 8 Section

= Actual Sensor Temperature + (Actual Sensor Temperature - Input Comp. Point 7) X

(Input Comp. 8 Value - Input Comp. 7 Value)

+ Input Comp. 7 Value

(Input Comp. Point 8- Input Comp. Point 7)

\circledast Compensated Temperature between Input Comp. Point 8 ~ High Limit Section

= Actual Sensor Temperature + Input Comp. 8 Value

12. Control & Transmitting output

12.1 Control output setting

12.1.1 Output setting the 1st screen

▶ It sets the output type for temperature control.



[Fig. 12-1] Control output setting the 1st screen

- 1 It sets the output type of the OUT1 output terminal.
- In case of SSR, it is displayed like [Fig. 12-3 SSR Output terminal setting screen].
- 2 $% = 10^{-1}$ It sets the output type of OUT2 output terminal.
- In case of SCR, it is displayed like [Fig. 12-4 SCR Output terminal and transmitting output terminal setting screen].
- ③ It moves the screen to the next or before.
- 4 The page moves up/down from the present screen.

- ▶ It sets the type of output for temperature control.
- ▶ The following figure is the setting on the product. It is a screen to check/set with the graphics.



[Fig. 12-2] Output terminal displays screen

- ① When OUT1 is set in SSR at [Fig. 12-1 Output setting the 1st screen].
- The setting screen is displayed like [Fig. 12-3 SSR Output terminal setting screen].
- When OUT2 is set in SCR at [Fig. 12-1 Output setting the 1st screen], it is displayed like [Fig. 12-4 SCR Output terminal and transmitting output terminal setting screen].
- ③ It moves the screen to the next or before.



[Fig. 12-3] SSR output terminal setting screen

- ▶ It is a screen to set the SCR output terminal, transmitting output and sub output.
- ▶ When the sub output is set, it can be set in [Fig. 5-2 Pattern editing screen].



[Fig. 12-4] SCR output terminal and transmitting output terminal setting screen

Table 12-1. Output setting the 1st screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
SSR Output	Heater output, Non-use	ABS	Heater output
SCR output	Heater output, Transmission output, Non-use	ABS	Transmission output

12.1.2 Output setting the 2nd screen

▶ It sets control related parameter.



[Fig. 12-5] Output setting the 2nd screen

- 0 It sets the operation method of PID control.
- Refer to [12.1.2.1 Operation direction]
- 1 It sets the period for control output operation in case of "SSR (SOLID STATE RELAY)" control output.
- 12 It disconnects the output by PID and sends the output in emergency in case of STOP and S.OPN.
- (3) It sets the excessive integration prevention ratio (Data) which are adopted in operation of excessive integration prevention function.
- Refer to [12.1.2.3 Excessive integration prevention].
- (4) It is used for overall controlling the PID data manually depending on the system characteristics after auto tuning.
- Control output = PID X Control time constant (GAIN)

Refer to [12.1.2.4 Control time constant]

- Is lt sets the increasing change rate of the output when the control output is increased.
- 16 It sets the decreasing change rate of the output when the control output is decreased.
- 17 The page moves up/down from the present screen.

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
DIRECTION	REV, FWD	ABS	REV
CYCLE TIME	1~300 SEC	ABS	2
PRESET OUTPUT	-5.0~105.0%	%	0.0
ARW	0.0(AUTO), 0.0 ~ 200.0%	%	100.0
AT-GAIN	0.1~10.0	ABS	1.0
UP RATE	0.0(OFF) ~ 100.0 %/SEC	%/초	0.0(OFF)
DOWN RATE	0.0(OFF) ~ 100.0 %/SEC	%/초	0.0(OFF)

표 12-2. Output setting the 2nd screen parameter

12.1.2.1 Operation Direction



12.1.2.2 Output Cycle

- ▶ Applies only when control output type is "SSR(Solid State Relay)".
- ▶ It refers one cycle of ON/OFF at setup time.
- ▶ "SSR" with output cycle is 10 second.



12.1.2.3 Over-Integral Prevention

- ▶ It is one of efficient method to control when disturbance occurs.
- This function suppresses overshoot due to over-integral when control output reaches to max value.
- ▶ It does not work when I=0 at PID set value.
- ☞ When there is no Over-Integral Prevention(ARW) function.





It takes time to dissolve the accumulated integral term even Disturbance is released, and cause big Overshoot, and take time for NPV to be stable.

Prevention When there is Over-Integral Prevention (ARW) function





Reverse calculate the integral term until NPV enters $\pm P$ BAND, and reduce the integral term dissolve time after disturbance released. It reduces Overshoot, and NPV is stabilized quickly.

Example

What is the P BAND when Input Range High(RH)= 100.0℃, Input Range Low (RL)= -100.0℃, Rate(P) = 10.0%, Over-Integral Prevent(ARW)= 200%?

Answer)

```
    Input Range = RH - RL = 100.0℃ - (-100.0℃) = 200.0 ℃
    Input Range x Rate(P) = 200.0℃ X 10.0% = 20.0℃
    P BAND = ② x ARW = 20.0℃ x 200% = 40.0℃
```

12.1.2.4 Control Constant

- ▶ It is used to change control characteristic based on preset PID value after Auto Tuning.
- Control Constant is adjustable according to the control object and its characteristic.
- Control Constant < 1.0</p>
 - It has quick response time but has higher haunting.
- Control Constant > 1.0

It has less overshoot but has slower response time.



12.2 Transmission output setting

12.2.1 Output setting the 3rd screen

- ▶ It is a screen for setting the type of transmitting output.
- Either PV or SP can be set for transmission output.

	RETRANSMISSION SET	00.03.02 04:23 AM
1 —	RET. TYPE	<pre>MAIN ← →</pre>
2 —	RET. RANGE RANGE HIGH 100.0 °C RANGE LOW 0.0 °C	
		😟 SETUP

[Fig. 12-6] Output setting the 3rd screen (In case of PV, SP setting)

- 1 It sets the type of transmitting output.
- 2 It sets the upper limit lower limit of the transmission output range.

Table 12-3.	Output setting the	e 3 rd scro	een parameter
-------------	--------------------	------------------------	---------------

Parameter	Range	Unit	Default
RET Type	PV, SP, MV	ABS	PV
RET Range High	EU(0.0~100.0%)	EU	EU(100.0%)
RET Range Low	RET Range High < RET Range Low	EU	EU(0.0%)

12.2.2 Output by Retransmission Type

- ▶ Retransmission Output is 4~20mA.
- ► Attach 250Ω(Precision Resistor) between both Retransmission terminal when use 1~5V retransmission output.
- ☞ When Retransmission Type is "PV" or "SP"



☞ When Retransmission Type is "MV"


13. DO relay output

13.1 Relay No. and parameter setting

- When the state created during operation is output to the I/O relay board, the relay No. corresponding state is set.
- ▶ Relay No. 13 \sim 32 can be used for I/O2 BOARD option addition.

13.1.1 Inner signal/Time signal relay setting screen

▶ When the set relay No. is overlapped, the relay is operated ("OR" condition) if any signal out of the set signals is output.



[Fig. 13-1] Inner signal/Time signal relay setting screen

- 1 It sets the relay of the inner signal. (IS1~IS8)
- 2 It sets the relay of the time signal. (TS1~TS8)
- 3 It moves from present screen to the next screen.

Table 13-1. Inner signal/time signal relay setting screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Inner signal 1 \sim Inner signal 8 relay	0~32	ABS	0
Time signal 1 ~ Time signal 8 relay	0~32	ABS	0

13.1.2 Alarm signal/SEG alarm signal relay setting screen

	DO CONFI	GURATION			 00.03.02 04 24 AM
	ALARM SIGN	AL			SEMAIN
	L1 RELAY	0	AL3 RELAY	0	
	L2 RELAY	0	AL4 RELAY	0	+ +
	SEG ALARM ST	GNAL			
	SEG AL1 RELAY	0	SEG AL3 RELAY	0	
2	SEG AL2 RELAY	0	SEG AL4 RELAY	0	
-	170 BOARE				
	ITEM	TYPE OF DO OL	UTPUT NL	JMBER	
	STANDARD	RELAY(A CONT		~ 8	
	OPTION	RELAY(C CONT RELAY(A CONT		~ 12	
		Theorem Con Contra		UL	😟 SETUP

[Fig. 13-2] Alarm signal/SEG alarm signal relay setting screen

- 1 It sets the alarm signal relay. (AL1 ~AL4)
- 2 It sets SEG Alarm signal relay. (SEG AL1 ~ SEG AL4)

Table 13-2. Alarm signal/SEG alarm signal relay setting screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Alarm signal ~ Alarm signal 4 relay	0~32	ABS	0
SEG Alarm signal1 ~ SEG Alarm signal4 relay	0~32	ABS	0

13.1.3 ON/OFF signal relay setting screen

- ▶ It sets the relay No. for the ON/OFF signal and delay time for each ON/OFF signal.
- The set ON/OFF signal sends the actual contact point output after elapsing the set time for delay when the signal creation condition is made.

ON/OFF SIG	NAL			: MAIN
T1 RELAY	0	DELAY TIME	00.00 M.S	
T2 RELAY	0	DELAY TIME	00.00 M.S	
T3 RELAY	0	DELAY TIME	00.00 M.S	
 T4 RELAY	0	DELAY TIME	00.00 M.S	
T5 RELAY	0	DELAY TIME	00.00 M.S	
T6 RELAY	0	DELAY TIME	00.00 M.S	
T7 RELAY	0	DELAY TIME	00.00 M.S	
			-	

[Fig. 13-3] ON/OFF signal relay setting screen

1 It sets the ON/OFF signal relay and delay time. (T1 \sim T7)

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
ON/OFF signal 1 ~ ON/OFF signal 7 relay	0~32	ABS	0
ON/OFF signal 1 delay time ~ ON/OFF signal 7 delay time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00

13.1.4 DI signal relay setting screen

▶ It sets the relay No. for DI signal.

1

▶ DI signal send the contact point output to the set relay in case of DI error creation of corresponding No.

Ē	DO CONFI	GURATION	N		00.03.0 05:31 A
	DI SIGNAL	-			
	DI1 RELAY	0	DI9 RELAY	0	
	DI2 RELAY	0	DI 10 RELAY	0	
	DI3 RELAY	0	DI11 RELAY	0	
	DI4 RELAY	0	DI12 RELAY	0	
	DI5 RELAY	0	DI13 RELAY	0	
	DIG RELAY	0	DI14 RELAY	0	
	DI7 RELAY	0	DI15 RELAY	0	
	DI8 RELAY	0	DI16 RELAY	0	
					🧔 SETUP

[Fig. 13-4] DI signal relay setting screen

- ① It sets the DI signal relay.(DI1~DI16)
- DI signal is operated when the operation type is set with 'Error' in [19.1.2 DI function and operation setting].

Table 13-4. DI signal relay setting screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
DI signal 1~16 relay	0~32	ABS	0

13.1.5 Manual signal/Arithmetic signal relay setting screen

- ▶ It sets the relay No. for the manual signal.
- ▶ It is used when the arbitrary relay is output with manual key or communication.

	DO CONFIGU	RATION			00.03.02 04:24 AM	
	MANUAL SIGNAL				SE MAIN	
1	MAN1 RELAY	0	MAN7 RELAY	0		
	MAN2 RELAY	0	MAN8 RELAY	0		
	MAN3 RELAY	0	MAN9 RELAY	0		
	MAN4 RELAY	0	MAN10 RELAY	0		
	MAN5 RELAY	0	MAN11 RELAY	0		
	MAN6 RELAY	0	MAN12 RELAY	0		
		-				
② —	MAN1 MAN2	MAN3	MAN4 MAN5	MAN6	▼ ▲ ←	3
0	MAN7 MAN8	MAN9	MAN10 MAN11	MAN12	🤣 SETUP	

[Fig. 13-5] Manual signal setting screen

- ① It sets the relay No.
- 0 It sets the relay of the corresponding No. in 'ON" manually.
- Key operation: The output of relay No. 5 is ON when 'Manual 1" button is pressed after inputting '5' in manual 1 relay column.
- 3 It moves the page up/down.

Table 13-5 Manual signal setting screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Manual signal	0~32	ABS	0

- ▶ It is a screen to set the arithmetic relay signal.
- ▶ The arithmetic signal can be set up to 3.

	D0 CONFIGU	RATION			00.03.02 04:25 AM	
1	LOGICAL SIGNAL1	0	OPERAND	AND	 ■ MAIN ■ ● 	(4 (3
2	LOGICAL SIGNAL2	0	OPERAND	AND		<u> </u>
	SOURCE RELAY1		SOURCE RELAY2	0		
	OUTPUT RELAY	0	OPERAND SOURCE RELAY2	AND 0	SETUP	└─ (5

[Fig. 13-6] Manual signal setting screen

- ① It sets the output of arithmetic signal.
- 2 It sets the relay1 No. which is necessary for arithmetic's.
- ③ It sets the relay2 No. which is necessary for arithmetic's.
- ④ The arithmetic relay 1 and 2 are calculated with AND, OR, NAND, NOR, XOR and the output is 'ON' on the relay set on the arithmetic output relay column.
- ⑤ It moves the page up/down.

Table 13-6 Manual signal setting screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Arithmetic output relay	0~32	ABS	0
Arithmetic relay1	0~32	ABS	0
Arithmetic relay2	0~32	ABS	0
Arithmetic자	AND, OR, NAND, NOR, XOR	ABS	AND

Table 13-7 Arithmetic operator operation

• AND

•	OR	

Arithmetic relay 1	Arithmetic relay2	Arithmetic output relay
OFF	OFF	OFF
OFF	ON	OFF
ON	OFF	OFF
ON	ON	ON

Arithmetic relay 1	Arithmetic relay2	Arithmetic output relay
OFF	OFF	OFF
OFF	ON	ON
ON	OFF	ON
ON	ON	ON

• NAND

Arithmetic relay 1	Arithmetic relay2	Arithmetic output relay
OFF	OFF	ON
OFF	ON	ON
ON	OFF	ON
ON	ON	OFF

• NOR

Arithmetic relay 1	Arithmetic relay2	Arithmetic output relay
OFF	OFF	ON
OFF	ON	OFF
ON	OFF	OFF
ON	ON	OFF

Arithmetic relay 1	Arithmetic relay2	Arithmetic output relay
OFF	OFF	OFF
OFF	ON	ON
ON	OFF	ON
ON	ON	OFF

13.2 Other signal relay setting

13.2.1 Other signal relay setting the 1st screen

• It is a screen to set the operation signal and sensor disconnection signal.



[Fig. 13-7] Other signal relay setting the 1st screen

- 1 It sets the operation (RUN) signal relay and delay time. .
- The set relay is "ON" after the set delay time.
- 2 It sets the sensor disconnection signal relay and keeping time.
- The set relay is "ON," when the sensor is disconnected during operation.
- The relay stays in "ON" during the setting time, and operation state is maintained later on in case of sensor disconnection.
- 3 It sets standby (WAIT) signal and holding time.
- ${\textcircled{4}}$ Setting the stationary timer signal relay, deviation, delay time and operation time
- ☞ Deviation : | Present value(PV) Set value (SP)|≤the relay is "ON" during operation time (M.S) from deviation till delay time (H.M) Namely, the relay is "ON" during operation time (M.S) when the data of | Present value(PV) Set value (SP)| is within the deviation.
- $\hfill \ensuremath{ \ensurema$
- © Operation time : The set relay is "OFF" after the set operation time elapse when the stationary timer signal relay operation state is maintained.
- Operation only in stationary operation
- Stop or operation time = The relay is "OFF" when 00.00 M.S is input
- The processing time is continued out of the deviation during relay time operation.

5 It moves the page up/down.



- The stationary timer signal operation is calculated again in operation starting, changing the set value (SP), electric power "ON" (When it is set for immediate operation in electricity "ON", recovery operation in black out or product is ON.

* When the recovery motion is re-starting or continue in black out, it operates in same pattern. Namely, the delay time starts again after recover of electric power in operation state.



Stationary timer signal relay operation

Table 13-8 Other signal relay setting the 1st screen Parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Operation signal relay	0~32	ABS	0
Operation signal delay time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00
Sensor disconnection signal relay	0~32	ABS	0
Sensor disconnection signal holding time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00
Standby signal relay	0~32	ABS	0
Standby signal holding time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00
Stationary timer signal relay	0~32	ABS	0
Stationary timer signal deviation	EUS(0.0~10.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.0%)
Stationary timer signal delay time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00
Stationary timer signal operation time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00

▶ It is a screen for other signal relay setting the 2nd screen.



[Fig. 13-8] Other signal relay setting the 2nd screen

- 1 It sets the ascending, descending signal relay and operation deviation.
- The state lamp of the operation screen and relay is operated at the same time.
- ☞ In case of program operation
- The relay is on till [Tartest setting data (TSP) Setting temperature (Deviation)].
- 2 It sets the holding signal relay and holding time.
- In case of stationary operation → The state lamp is in operation screen, but the relay output is not created.
- In case of program operation
- The state lamp and relay on the operation screen are 'ON' during [Holding range operation time (SEG TIME) Setting temperature (Holding time)].
- ③ It sets the relay and delay time of the 1st, 2nd refrigerator operation signal.
- ④ It sets the error signal relay and holding time.
- The error is occurred during stop and operation, the set relay is "ON."
- The relay holds the "ON" state during setting time and it is "OFF" after holding time.
- The relay keeps "ON" state when the error is not recovered during holding time and relay is "OFF" at the error recovery time.

Table 13-9. Other signal relay setting the 2nd screen Parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Ascending signal relay	0~32	ABS	0
Ascending relay application deviation	EUS(0.0~10.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.0%)
Holding signal relay	0~32	ABS	0
Holding signal holding time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00
Descending signal relay	0~32	ABS	0
Descending relay application deviation	EUS(0.0~10.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.0%)
Freezer signal 1.REF relay	0~32	ABS	0
Freezer signal 1.REF relay delay time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00
Freezer signal 2.REF relay	0~32	ABS	0
Freezer signal 2.REF relay delay time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00
Error signal relay	0~32	ABS	0

▶ It is a screen to set the operation termination signal and U-KEY relay.

DO	CONFIGURAT	ION	00.03.02 04:26 AM
	END SIGNAL		# MAIN
1 FIX RE	LAY 0		
DELAY	TIME 00.00	M.S OPER. TIME 00.00 M.S	
PROG R	ELAY 0		
DELAY	TIME 00.00	M.S OPER. TIME 00.00 M.S	
USE	R KEY SIGNAL		
 Ш-кеу 	RELAY 0		
	BA SIGNAL	_	
3 — НВА ВЕ	LAY 0		
			🧔 SETUP

[Fig. 13-8] Other signal relay setting the 3rd screen

- ① Setting the stationary operation, program operation termination relay and delay time operation timeWhen the use is set for the user button, the corresponding button is displayed at the operation screen.
- FIX relay: The set relay is "ON" when the stationary time set operation is terminated.
- PROG relay: The set relay is "ON" when the program operation is terminated.
- Pelay time: The set relay is "ON" when the set delay time is passed.
- © Operation time: The relay is "OFF" when the stationary or program termination signal relay is "ON" after the set operation time is passed.
- 2 Setting the user button relay.
- \implies Y/N for use of the button is set in [13. System initial setting]
- When the user button is set, the user can use the wanted relay by setting in [10. DO relay output] and the set relay is operated when is pressed at the screen for stationary, program stop/operation and the corresponding button is displayed on the operation screen
- 3 Setting the HBA signal relay.

|--|

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
FIX relay	0~32	ABS	0
FIX relay delay time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00
FIX relay operation time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00
PROG relay	0~32	ABS	0
PROG relay delay time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00
PROG relay operation time	00.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00
User button output relay	0~32	ABS	0
HBA signal relay	0~32	ABS	0

* The relay No. 13~32 can be used when I/O2 BOARD option is added.

Table 13-11. Definition of relay operation time for each signal

Signal	Condition	Relay ON time
	In case of deleting the message by touching the screen	Operation until the set relay
Termination	after the set relay operation time after creation.	operation
signal	In case of deleting the message by touching the screen	Operation until screen
	during the set relay operation time after creation.	touching
Error signal	In case of recovery after the set relay operation time	Operation until recovery
Sensor	after creation.	time
disconnection signal Standby signal	In case of recovery during the set relay operation time after creation.	Operation until the set relay operation

13.3 UP, SOAK, DOWN Signal Operation

- ▶ Input Sensor = Temperature(K2), Range = -200.00 °C ~ 1370.00 °C
- ▶ Up, Down Signal Range \rightarrow [EUS 0% ~ EUS 10%] = [0.00 °C ~ 20.00 °C]



14. Communication

14.1 Communication environment setting (RS232C / RS485)

14.1.1 Communication setting the 1st screen

• Communication protocol and conditions are set.



[Fig. 14-1] Communication setting screen (RS232C/ RS485)-1

- ① Communication protocol is set.
- 2 Communication speed is set.
- refer to [Fig. 14-2 Communication setting screen (RS232C / RS485)-2]
- ③ Stop bit is set
- 4 Communication address is set.
- In case of RS485 communication, addresses can be set differently up to 99 units and
- 5 Reponses time is set.
- 6 Parity is set.
- ☞ NONE: No parity
- ☞ EVEN: Even parity
- ODD : Odd parity
- O Data length is set.
- The Data length is fixed for 7 when communication protocol is set to MODBUS ASC.
- The Data length is fixed for 8 when communication protocol is set to MODBUS RTU.

COMMUNICATION SE	T	00.03.02 04 26 AM
PROTOCOL	M @MODBUS ASC @MODBUS RTU	** MAIN
BAUD RATE BPS SELECT 115200	PARITY 9600 EVEN @ ODD	
STOP BIT	19200 LENGTH	
OTHER PARAMETER ADDRESS 1	38400 METHOD	
RESPONSE TIME 0 MS	115200 RS485	🧔 SETUP



Table 14-1	. Communication setting screen	(RS232C /	RS485) parameter
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Parameter	Setting range		Initial data
Communication protocol	PC LINK, PC LINK + SUM, MODBUS ASC, MODBUS RTU	ABS	PC LINK + SUM
Communication speed	9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200	ABS	115200
Stop bit	1, 2	ABS	1
Parity	NONE, EVEN, ODD	ABS	NONE
Data length	7, 8	ABS	8
Communication address	1~99	ABS	1
Response time	0~10	ABS	0

14.2 Communication environment setting (Ethernet)

- Conditions of Ethernet communication are set.
- RS232C/485 communication is provided as a basic and RS232C/485 communication is not usable in case of using Ethernet option.
- ► The serial communication using RS232C/485 is not available in case of Ethernet communication selection
- ▶ When DHCP is not used in Ethernet setting, it can be used when IP address, subnet mask, gateway are set. Refer to [Fig. 9-7 Ethernet DHCP no use screen]
- ▶ Network setting is made automatically when DHCP is used in Ethernet setting.



[Fig. 14-3] Communication environment setting screen (Ethernet)

- ① Setting Y/N for IP auto setting use in network
- ② Manual setting of net work IP
- ③ Use to apply the changed conditions of Ethernet related parameters
- ④ Message box
- Ethernet apply: In case of emply operation
- Ethernet ready: Ethernet normal operation
- Connection error: No connection of Ethernet cable or in failure
- Set thernet apply-RESP.ERR: Ethernet communication failure

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
DHCP Operation	Non-use, Use	ABS	Non-use
IP address	1 ~ 255	ABS	192.168.0.100
Subnet mask	1 ~ 255	ABS	255.255.255.0
Gateway	1 ~ 255	ABS	192.168.0.1

15. Inner signal (IS)

15.1 Inner signal setting

- This is the screen where objects of application, types and contents about operation for respective inner signal can be set.
- ▶ 8 types of inner signal operations(IS1~IS8) can be set.
- Inner signal operation range and delay time can be set in the [Fig. 15-1 Inner signal setting the 1st screen].



[Fig. 15-1] Inner signal setting the 1st screen

1 Set Inner Signal Application Type.

- SP: Present Setting Point
- PV: Process Value
- When selected to PV, it has hysteresis of EUS 0.5% (Not Changeable).
- TSP: Target Setting Point for Program Control.

O Set Inner Signal Operation Band.

Within Range : Inner Signal becomes ON when current value of Inner Signal Type is within the High/Low Operation Range.



© Out of Range : Inner Signal becomes ON when current value of Inner Signal Type is out of the High/Low Operation Range.



- 3 The upper and lower limit of application object and delay time are set.
- 4 Screen is moved up/down with 2 inner signal units.

Table 15-1. Inner signal setting parameter

Parameter		Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Inner signal #n application type of		SP, PV, TSP	ABS	SP
Inner signal #n operation band		within range, out of range	ABS	within range
Inner signal #n	Upper limit range	EU(0.0~100.0%) inner signal #n Lower limit range ≤	EU	EU(0.0%)
operation range	Lower limit range	inner signal #n Upper limit range	EU	EU(0.0%)

* #n = can be set among 1 ~ 8.

15.2 Inner signal operation

While "target value" carries out the same operation with "target value" of programmed control when change ratio (SLOPE) is set in stationary operation, "target value" carry out the operation with "set value (SP) when change ratio (SLOPE) is not set in stationary operation.



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16. ON/OFF signal

- ▶ This is the screen for setting ON/OFF signal range and deviation of upper and lower limit.
- ▶ 6 ON/OFF signals can be set.
- ▶ Relay number and delay time can be set in the [Fig. 13-3 ON/OFF signal relay setting screen].

16.1 ON/OFF signal setting

16.1.1 ON/OFF signal setting



[Fig. 16-1] ON/OFF signal setting screen

- 1 Lower limit SP in the ON/OFF signal operation is set.
- 0 Middle SP in the ON/OFF signal operation is set.
- 3 Upper limit SP in the ON/OFF signal operation is set.
- Operation point in upper limit zone is set
- 5 Operation point in lower limit zone is set

Table. 16-1. ON/OFF signal setting Parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
T#n LOW SP	EU(0.0~100.0%)	EU	EU(0.0%)
T#n MIDDLE SP	Lower limit range ≤ CH1 T#n LOW SP < T#n MIDDLE SP	EU	EU(0.0%)
T#n HIGH SP	< T#n HIGH SP ≤ Upper limit range	EU	EU(0.0%)
T#n HIGH deviation	EUS(0.0~10.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.0%)
T#n LOW deviation	EUS(0.0~10.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.0%)

* #n : 1 ~ 6

- Explanation of HIGH, LOW deviation operation
- HIGH deviation operation Operation
 - Middle SP < Present indication value(PV) ≤ Upper limit SP
 Present indication value(PV) ≥ Present set value(SP) + HIGH deviation : Operation will be 'ON'.
 Present indication value(PV) < Present set value(SP) + HIGH deviation : Operation will be 'OFF'.
- LOW deviation Operation
- ② Upper limit SP ≤ Present indication value(PV) < Middle SP</p>
 - Present indication value(PV) \geq Present set value(SP) LOW deviation : Operation will be 'ON'. Present indication value(PV) < Present set value(SP) – LOW deviation : Operation will be 'OFF'.
 - * Refer to the [16.2 ON/OFF signal operation].

16.2 ON/OFF signal operation

- ▶ Relay time is the one which is set in the ON/OFF signal delay time of DO relay setting.
- ► LSP = LOW SP, MSP = MIDDLE SP, HSP = HIGH SP, NPV = NOW PV, NSP = NOW SP
- ► LD = LOW deviation, HD = HIGH deviation, T = ON/OFF signal



17. Alarming signal

- 17.1 Alarming signal setting
- 17.1.1 Alarming signal set the 1st screen
- This is the screen for setting alarming signal.



[Fig. 17-1] Alarming signal set the 1st screen

1 Alarming operation is set.

Provide the second seco

Solution Always Alarming operation is always carried out irrespective of Run/Stop

2 It leads to the next or previous screen.

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Alarming operation	Run, Always	ABS	Always

- 17.1.2 Alarming signal setting the 2nd screen
- ▶ This is the screen for setting alarming.
- ▶ 4 signals can be set.
- ► Alarming signal operation is carried out according to the setting in the alarming type, the types of alarming amounts to 20.



[Fig. 17-2] Alarming signal setting the 2nd screen-1

🧕 ALARM SIGNAL SET				.03.02 :29 AM	
ALARM1 TYPE		M2 TYPE		AIN	
TYPE SELECT OFF	OFF	AH.F	AL.F	+	
	DH.F	DL .F	DH.R		
	DL .R	DO.F	DI.F		
	AH.R	AL .R	AH.FS		3
	AL . FS	DH.FS	DL.FS		
	DH.RS	DL . RS	DO.FS		
	DI .FS	AH.RS	AL .RS	ETUP	

[Fig. 17-3] Alarming signal setting the 2nd screen-2

- ① Alarming signal object is set.
- 0 Screen is moved up/down with 2 alarming signal units
- 3 Type of alarming signal which was set is selected.
- Refer to the [Table 17-4 Alarming type].

► If type of alarming is set to AH.F and DO.FS in the [Fig. 17-3 Alarming signal setting the 2nd screen], the following screen is displayed.



[Fig. 17-4] Alarming signal setting the2nd screen-3

- ① Alarming set value is set.
- 2 Hysteresis which applies during alarming operation is set.
- ③ If the condition of alarming signal is met, actual alarm is generated after the time set for delay time is passed.
- ④ Upper limit deviation value is set in case of deviation alarming.
- (5) Lower limit deviation value is set in case of deviation alarming.

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Alarming#n type	Non-use, AH.F, AL.F, DH.F DL.F, DH.R, DL.R DO.F, DI.F, AH.R AL.R, AH.FS, AL.FS DH.FS, DL.FS, DH.RS DL.RS, DO.FS, DI.FS AH.RS, AL.RS	ABS	Non-use
Alarming#n POINT	EU(-5.0~105.0%)	EU	EU(100.0%) (Alarming#n type = not Deviation Alarm)
Alarming#n upper limit POINT	EUS(-100.0~100.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.0%) (Alarming#n type =
Alarming#n lower limit POINT	203(-100.0~100.0%)	EUS	Deviation Alarm)
Alarming#n hysteresis	EUS(0.0~100.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.5%)
Alarming#n delay time	0.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00

Table 17-2. Alarming signal setting the 2nd screen

- 17.1.3 Segment alarming signal setting screen
- ▶ This is the screen for setting SEG alarming.
- ▶ 8 alarms can be set.
- SEG alarming signal operation is carried out according to the setting in the alarming type, the types of alarming amounts to 20.

🧕 SEGMENT ALARM SIGNAL SET	00.03.02 04 31 AM
SEG ALM1 TYPE TYPE SELECT OFF TYPE SELECT OFF	** MAIN
	+ +
	T
	🙆 SETUP

[Fig. 17-5] SEG alarming signal setting screen

Table 17-3	. SEG alarming	signal	setting	screen
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Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
SEG alarming #n type	Non-use, AH.F, AL.F, DH.F DL.F, DH.R, DL.R DO.F, DI.F, AH.R, AL.R	ABS	Non-use
SEG alarming #n POINT	EU(-5.0~105.0%)	EU	EU(100.0%) (alarming #n type = not DO.F, DI.F, DO.FS, and DI.FS)
SEG alarming #n upper limit POINT	EUS(-100.0~100.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.0%) (alarming #n type =
SEG alarming #n lower limit POINT	203(100.0 - 100.0 %)	EUS	not DO.F, DI.F, DO.FS and DI.FS)
SEG alarming #n hysteresis	EUS(0.0~100.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.5%)
SEG alarming #n delay time	0.00~99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.00

* #n : 1 ~ 8

Table 17-4. Alarming type

Display	Alarming type		Output direction		Standby operation	
Display	Limit	Deviation	Forward	Reverse	Non- use	Use
AH.F	High Limit Point					
AL.F	Low Limit Point					
DH.F		Deviation High Limit				
DL.F		Deviation Low Limit				
DH.R		Deviation High Limit				
DL.R		Deviation Low Limit				
DO.F		Outside High·Low Deviation Range				
DI.F		Within High Low Deviation Range				
AH.R	High Limit Point					
AL.R	Low Limit Point					
AH.FS	High Limit Point					
AL.FS	Low Limit Point					
DH.FS		Deviation High Limit				
DL.FS		Deviation Low Limit				
DH.FS		Deviation High Limit				
DL.RS		Deviation Low Limit				
DO.FS		Outside High Low Deviation Range				
DI.FS		Within High Low Deviation Range				
AH.RS	High Limit Point					
AL.RS	Low Limit Point					

17.2 Alarming signal operation



17.3 Heater disconnection alarming signal

• This is the screen for setting heater disconnection alarming signal.



[Fig. 17-6] heater short alarming signal setting screen

- ① Current value on the heater is displayed.
- 2 The current data which generates alarming is set by identifying heater disconnection.
- ③ Heater short alarming sets blind band during operation.
- ④ Power frequency is set..

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Heater current	-	ABS	-
when alarming is set	$0 \sim 50A$ (if HBA option = A(50A)) $0 \sim 100A$ (if HBA option = B(100A)) $0 \sim 12A$ (if HBA option = C(12A))	ABS	0
Dead band	$0 \sim 10A$ (if HBA option = A(50A)) $0 \sim 20A$ (if HBA option = B(100A)) $0 \sim 2A$ (if HBA option = C(12A))	ABS	1
Power frequency	50Hz, 60Hz	ABS	60Hz

18. PID Group

18.1 PID application scope setting

18.1.1 PID application scope setting the 1st screen

- ► This is made up of 6 PIDs.
- Light green color is displayed in corresponding PIP number during stationary (FIX) and programmed run.



[Fig. 18-1] PID application scope setting the 1st screen

- ► Upper limit range, Lower limit range: displays zone for all span.
- It is only for reading, so it is impossible to change.
- ► Limit.HYS: sets hysteresis width when selects PID group in zone PID.
- deviation.PID : sets deviation when selects deviation PID
- ▶ Boundary data1-4: sets boundary data dividing zone PID for all span.
- ► Tuning reference value: sets auto tuning point applied in auto tuning.
- 1 Pushing the number leads to corresponding PID group setting screen.
- Pushing 📥 button leads to PID group setting screen.
- 2 It moves the page up/down on the current screen.

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Boundary data1		EU	Lower limit range + (Lower limit range + Upper limit range)/5
Boundary data2	EU(0.0 ~ 100.0%) Lower limit range ≤ RP1 <	EU	Lower limit range + 2(Lower limit range + Upper limit range)/5
Boundary data3	RP2 < RP3 < RP4 ≤ Upper limit range	EU	Lower limit range + 3(Lower limit range + Upper limit range)/5
Boundary data4		EU	Lower limit range + 4(Lower limit range + Upper limit range)/5
Limit hysteresis value	EUS(0.0 ~ 10.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.3%)
Deviation value	EUS(0.0 ~ 100.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.0%)
Control type	D.PV, D.DV	ABS	D.PV
Tuning reference value	0.01 ~ 1.00%	%	0.10

Table 18-1. PID group setting the 1st screen parameter

Example according to PID control type

D.DV Control	Description
SP PV	 Output(MV) Change Rate is small in D.DV control. It has small overshoot, and time to reach TSP is delayed a little bit. It is proper to apply for equipment which is sensitive to the change rate of Output(MV).
D.PV Control	Description
SP PV PV	 Output(MV) Change Rate is big in D.PV control. It has more overshoot and time to reach TSP is quicker than D.DV Control. It is proper to apply for equipment which responds late according to change rate of Output(MV).

18.1.2 PID application scope setting the 2nd screen

This is the screen for setting parameter related to the control features in case of PID control and copying time constant between PID groups.



[Fig. 18-2] PID application scope setting the 2nd screen

- 1 Use/no use of tuning key is set.
- ② PID type is set.
- 3 Reference is set when zone PID is used.
- 4 PID group number to copy from is set.
- 5 PID group number to copy to is set.

 \sim When PID to copy from is 1 ~ 6 and PID to copy to is 1 ~ 6 or 0(ALL), all the PID values are copied.

Table 18-2 PID group setting the 2 ^r	^{1d} screen parameter
---	--------------------------------

	Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Yes or no of tuning key display		hidden, display	ABS	display
	PID selection type	SEG, zone	ABS	SEG
zon	e PID selection criteria	PV, SP	ABS	PV
Copy	PID group number to copy from	1 ~ 6		1
Сору	PID group number to copy to	0 ~ 6		1

18.2 PID group setting

18.2.1 PID group setting screen

- ▶ This is the screen for setting the details for respective PID groups.
- ▶ PID group is set for $1 \sim 6$.



[Fig. 18-3] PID group setting screen

- ① Proportion area (P): controls in the way to reduce deviation between set value (SP) and indication value (PV).
- When proportion integer is large, indication value (PV) approaches quickly to set value (SP). However it may have a negative influence on the stability of control due to the control output (MV) fluctuation.
- When proportion integer is small, indication value (PV) approaches slowly and stably to set value (SP), but it may cause residual deviation.
- ② Integral time (I): When integral time is set long, control output (MV) decreases, therefore time to approach set value (SP) is longer. When integral time is set short, control output (MV) increases, therefore time to approach set value (SP) is shorter.
- Integral operation can eliminate residual deviation which may result from P operation.
- $\ensuremath{\,\cong\,}$ If integral time is too short, it may result in out of control.
- ③ Differential time (D): calculates control output (MV) corresponding to deviation (PV-SP) change ratio, so keeps deviation (PV-SP) from changing.
- Speed to approach set value (SP) is faster, so it prevents rapid change in indication value (PV) or disturbance.
- ④ Output upper limit·lower limit: sets upper and lower limit of operation scope in control output.
- IP When changing output upper limit and lower limit, it applies to control output during auto tuning.
- When control output type is SSR, it operates with 0%, 100% output value irrespective of limit value which is set for output upper and lower limit during auto tuning.
- (5) Correction value: If integral time (I) is "0" during PID control, parameter which is used to apply manual set value for integral time in PID calculation.
- 6 Hysteresis value is set during ON/OFF control.
- ► OUTPUT LIMIT parameter is displayed only when PID control activated(P≠0)
- ON/OFF HYSTERESIS parameter is displayed only when ON/OFF control activated(P=0)

Table 18-3. PID group setting screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Proportion band #n	0.0(ON/OFF control) 0.1~1000.0%	%	5.0
Integral time #n	0~6000 SEC	ABS	120
Differential time #n	0~6000 SEC	ABS	30
Output upper limit #n	0.0~100.0 %	%	100.0
Output lower limit #n	output lower limit #n < output upper limit #n	%	0.0
Correction value #n	-5.0~105.0 %	%	100.0
Upper limit hysteresis #n during ON/OFF control	EUS(0.0~10.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.5%)
Lower limit hysteresis #n during ON/OFF control	EUS(0.0~10.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.5%)

* #n : 1 ~ 6

19. DI function and operation

19.1 DI operation setting

19.1.1 DI function and operation setting the 1st screen

▶ Display type can be set for "photo" only when SD CARD option is selected.

	DI CONFIGURATION	00.03.02 04 32 AM	
1	DISPLAY METHOD		
2	BUZZER TIME		
3 —	DETECT TIME 00.01 M.S		
		▼ ▲	
		🔅 SETUP	

[Fig. 19-1] DI function and action setting the 1st screen

- ① It sets display type when DI error occurs.
- ☞ character : refer to the [Fig. 19-12 Screen whose DI error display type is character]
- Photo : refer to the [Fig. 19-13 Screen whose DI error display type is photo]
- Only if internal memory has [Fig. File (BMP), photo is displayed when DI errors occurs.
- ② It sets the time of buzzer alarm in case of DI occurrence.
- Even if it is set for "0", buzzer is alarmed in case of DI error occurrence.
- If DI 1, 2, 3 Operation type is set for Run/Stop, Hold and Step, buzzer is not alarmed. However it is set for error, buzzer is alarmed.
- ③ Delay time of DI sensing is set.
- When the physical DI contact is occurred, it operates with DI input when the contact point is ON during the contact point setting time.
- ④ It moves to next screen next or previous screen.

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Display type	character, photo	ABS	character
Buzzer duration time	0.00 ~ 99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.01
DI sensing delay time	0.00 ~ 99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.01

► DI sensing type is set.



[Fig. 19-2] DI function and action setting the 2nd screen

- ① Corresponding DI sensing type is selected between A and B contact points.
- A-contact point: Once DI contact point input is on, it operates on condition that DI is input.
- B-contact point: Once DI contact point input is off, it operates on condition that DI is input.

② Move the page up/down in current screen.

Table 19-2. DI function and operation setting the 2 nd screen parameter
--

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
DI#n	A-contact point, B-contact point	ABS	A-contact point
∗ #n = 1 ~ 16			

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- Operation type for respective DI signals can be set.
- ▶ 8 types of operation can be set, DI1 ~ DI16 are set.



[Fig. 19-3] DI function and action setting the 3rd screen

- ① DI1 Operation type is set.
- ☞ Error: When DI1 error occurs, "Character" or "Picture" is displayed according to display type.
- IF When error is created, it is displayed in 'Letter' or 'Photo" depending on the display pattern.
- PRUN/Stop: When DI1 error occurs, run terminates in the point where error is cleared after run.
- 2 DI2 Operation type is set.
- Frror: When DI2 error occurs, "Character" or "Picture" is displayed according to display type.
- Hold: When DI2 error occurs, screen of current run is held, and Hold is cleared in the point where error is cleared.
- It can be only done in case of programmed run.
- 3 DI3 Operation type is set.
- Frror: When DI3 error occurs, "Character" or "Picture" is displayed according to display type.
- Step: When DI3 error occurs, it is compulsorily moved from current segment in progress to next segment.
- It can be only done in case of programmed run.
- 4 DI4~8 Operation type is set.
- ☞ Error : When DI4~8 error occurs, "Character" or "Picture" is displayed according to display type.
- Pattern: When DI4~8 error occurs, it is compulsorily moved to corresponding pattern according to "Pattern selection by DI".
 - It can be only done in case of programmed run.

Table 19-3. DI function and operation setting the 3rd screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
DI1 Operation type	Error, Run/Stop	ABS	Error
DI2 Operation type	Error, Hold	ABS	Error
DI3 Operation type	Error, Step	ABS	Error
DI4~8 Operation type	Error, Pattern selection	ABS	Error
DI9 Operation type	Error, Run/Stop	ABS	Error
DI10 Operation type	Error, Hold	ABS	Error
DI11 Operation type	Error, Step	ABS	Error
DI12~16 Operation type	2~16 Operation type Error, Pattern selection		Error

Table 19-4. Pattern selection by DI

Table 19-4. Patter	•				
Pattern number	DI8	DI7	DI6	DI5	DI4
Manual	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
1	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
2	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
3	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
5	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
6	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
7	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON
8	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
9	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
11	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON
12	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
13	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON
14	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF
15	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON
16	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
17	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
18	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
19	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
20	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
21	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
22	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
23	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON
24	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
25	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
26	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
27	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON
28	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
29	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON
30	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF
31	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON
- 19.1.2 DI function and operation setting the 4th screen
- Operation for respective DI signal can be set.

👰 di coni	FIGURATION		00.03.02 04'33 AM
DI1 SIG	ERR.STOP	DI3 SIGNAL OPERATION ERR.STOP	<pre># MAIN</pre>
DI2 SIG	ERR.STOP	DI4 SIGNAL	
DI OPERA SETTING	DI ERROR SCREEN	OPERATION STATUS	
ERR.STOP TM.STOP ERR.RUN RUN	DISPLAY DISPLAY DISPLAY NOT DISPLAY	OPERATION STOP STOP AFTER SETTING TIME KEEP STATUS KEEP STATUS	SETUP

[Fig. 19-4] DI function and action setting the 4th screen-1

👰 di coni	FIGURATION		00.03.02 04 33 AM
DI1 SIG OPERATION	ERR . STOP	DI3 SIGNAL	→ MAIN
DI2 SIG	ERR.RUN	RUN IGNAL	
DI OPERA			
SETTING ERR.STOP TM.STOP ERR.RUN RUN	DI ERROR SCREEN DISPLAY DISPLAY DISPLAY NOT DISPLAY	OPERATION STATUS OPERATION STOP STOP AFTER SETTING TIME KEEP STATUS KEEP STATUS	SETUP

[Fig. 19-5] DI function and action setting the 4th screen-2

- ► DI Operation type
- $\ensuremath{\,\cong\,}$ Error Stop : When DI error occurs, DI error screen is displayed and Run stops.
- Time Stop: When DI error occurs, DI error screen is displayed and Run stops after delay time to be set.
- 🖙 Error Run : When DI error occurs, DI error screen is displayed and current Run status is maintained.
- Run : When DI error occurs, DI error screen is not displayed and current Run status is maintained.
- Status indicating lamp and error signal is generated in the [Run the 2nd screen].

Table 19-5. DI function and	operation setting the 4 th	screen parameter
-----------------------------	---------------------------------------	------------------

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
DI #n signal	Error Stop, Time Stop, Error Run, Run	ABS	Error Stop

* #n = 1 ~ 16

19.2 DI error name

19.2.1 DI error name setting

- ▶ It can be only set when display type is "Character".
- ▶ This is the screen for inputting DI error name.
- ▶ Di error name can be input up to 24 characters.

👰 DI ERRO	R NAME SET	00.03.02 04 33 AM
DI ERROR N	AME	** MAIN
DI1 NAME	THE DII ERROR OCCURRED	
D12 NAME	THE D12 ERROR OCCURRED	
DI3 NAME	THE DI3 ERROR OCCURRED	
DI4 NAME	THE DI4 ERROR OCCURRED	
DI5 NAME	THE DIS ERROR OCCURRED	
DI6 NAME	THE DIG ERROR OCCURRED	_
DI7 NAME	THE DIT ERROR OCCURRED	
DI8 NAME	THE DIS ERROR OCCURRED	-
		🔅 SETUP

[Fig. 19-6] DI error name setting screen

👰 DI 1	ODI ERROR NAME SET									
DIE	DI ERROR NAME									
	ERROR M PHABET	VAME 7 NUMEF								
Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	H	IJ		
K	L	M	N	0	Р	Q	R	S T		
U	V	W	X	Y	Z	()	#		
1	2	3	4	5	6	+	CLR	ESC		
7	8	9	0	•	-	:	SP	ENTER		

[Fig. 19-7] Display name setting screen in case of DI occurrence

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
DI #n name	0 ~ 9, A ~ Z, Special character (up to 24 characters)	ABS	THE DI#n ERROR OCCURRED
DI #m name	0 ~ 9, A ~ Z, Special character (up to 42 characters)	ABS	THE DI#m ERROR OCCURRED

* #n = 1 ~ 8 * #m = 9 ~ 16

19.2.2 DI error occurrence photo setting

- ▶ It can be only set when display type is "Picture".
- ▶ If internal memory has photo file (BMP), Picture is displayed when DI error occurs.
- ▶ With SD CARD option, photos can be uploaded and please refer to the [20. User screen].



[Fig. 19-8] Display photo setting screen when DI error occurs-1

- (\hfill) () is inactivated since there is no relevant file in internal memory.
- 2 Picture corresponding to DI among photo files (BMP) saved in SD CARD is displayed.
- Provide the selected files can be uploaded into internal memory.
- 3 This is the button used to upload files in SD CARD into internal memory.
- ④ It displays current SD CARD capacity.
- When immediate when better when better when better when better occurs when better occurs only photo files selected (w) in SD CARD are uploaded into internal memory.
- Message which says "Now upload in progress" is displayed at the bottom of screen during upload.

CUSTOME	R PICTURES	SET		11.07.08 10:04 AM
INTERNAL M	EMORY	SD CARD M	EMORY	
DI1.BMP	DI9.BMP	MDI 1. BMP	MD19.6MP	
D12.BMP	DI 10. BMP	MDI 2. BMP	DI 10.BMP	+ +
DI3.BMP	DI11.BMP	M DI 3. BMP	M DI11.BMP	
DI4.BMP	0112.BMP	DI 4. BMP	MDI 12.BMP	1 UPLOAD
DI5.BMP	DI 13.8MP	MDI 5. BMP	MDI13.BMP	
DI6.BMP	DI 14.8MP	M DI 6. BMP	MDI14.BMP	
DI7.BMP	DI 15.8MP	MDI 7. BMP	JI 15.BMP	
D18.BMP	DI 16.8MP	MDI 8. BMP	🥪 DI 16.BMP	
THE PICT	URES CURREN	NTLY ARE IN	N UPLOAD	SETUP

[Fig. 19-9] Display photo setting screen when DI error occurs-2

- When upload is completed, message which says "Unload is completed." is displayed at the bottom of screen.
- Once upload is completed, photo files in internal memory are activated for selection (.....).

CUSTOMER PICTURES SET							
INTERNAL M	1EMORY	1	SD CARD M	EMORY	# MAIN		
DI1.BMP	DI9.BMP		MDI1.8MP	MP DI 9.8MP			
D12.BMP	🔲 DI 10. BMP		MD12.EMP	M DI 10.BMP			
DI3.BMP	DI 11.BMP		MD13.EMP	MI 11.8MP			
DI4.BMP	DI 12.BMP	-	MDI4.6MP	MDI 12.BMP	1 UPLOAD		
🔲 DI5. BMP	🔲 DI 13.BMP		🛃 DIS.EMP	M DI 13.8MP			
DI6.BMP	DI 14.BMP		MDI6.BMP	MDI 14.BMP	A subscription of the second second		
DI7.BMP	01 15. BMP		MDI7.6MP	M DI 15.8MP			
DI8.BMP	DI 16.8MP		🛃 DI8.EMP	M DI 16.BMP			
ALI	ALL PICTURES BECAME UPLOAD						

[Fig. 19-10] Display photo setting screen when DI error occurs-3

- ▶ Selected file () can be used for screen which is displayed when error occurs.
- ▶ If error occurs in non-selected DI, default photo in internal memory is displayed.

: MAIN	MORY	SD CARD M	ו ר	EMORY	INTERNAL M
	DIS.BMP	MDI1.BMP		019.BMP	DI1.8MP
	DI 10.8MP	MD12.BMP		📝 DI 10.BMP	D12.8MP
	🛃 DI 11.BMP	MD13.BMP		📝 DI11.BMP	DIS. SMP
1 UPLOA	MDI 12.8MP	MI4.BMP	-	0112.BMP	MD14.BMP
An on the second second	🛃 DI 13.BMP	🛃 DI5.BMP		0113.BMP	🛃 D15.8MP
	🛃 DI 14.BMP	VI6.8MP		🛃 DI 14.BMP	DI6.BMP
	MDI 15.8MP	MDI7.BMP		🛃 DI 15.BMP	MP DI7.BMP
	M DI 16.8MP	DI8.BMP		DI15.BMP	DI8.BMP

[Fig. 19-11] Display photo setting screen when DI error occurs-4

19.3 DI error creation screen

- ▶ It is the screen of DI error creation.
- ▶ When ▶ (Recovery) button is pressed, it is converted to the operation screen by escaping from DI error screen.
- The same error creation is neglected for 1 minute when it is escaped from the screen through the DI
 (Recovery) button after DI creation.

Ex) When it is escaped with "Recovery" during DI1 creation, the DI1 creation is neglected for 1 minute and DI error screen is displayed when DI1 creation state after 1 minute.

* The neglect ion here means the DI error screen.

- ▶ (Buzzer blocking) button is button to block the warning sound during DI error creation.
- Ex) Explanation on the lamp state
 - * DI related lamp is ON in DI related error creation. (The DIS BARR COLLEGE (Character), [Photo))
 - * DI related lamp is OFF after DI error creation. () THE DIIS EXAM COLLEGED (Character), 2.5 (Photo))



[Fig. 19-12] Screen of DI when error is displayed in letter



[Fig. 19-13] Screen of DI when error is displayed in photo

20. User screen

- ▶ The screen is displayed in SD CARD option only.
- 20.1 User screen setting
- 20.1.1 User screen setting the 1st screen



[Fig. 20-1] User screen setting the 1st screen

- 1 It sets the use/non-use of the user screen.
- The user screen is operated (ON) when more than one selected photo file exist inside the internal memory.
- 2 It sets the user screen operation time.
- The operation is started when there is no key input during the setting time.
- 3 It converts the user screen conversion time.
- The stored photos are converted in set time period.
- 4 It moves to the next or previous screen.

Pa	rameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data				
User sc	reen display	Non-use, Use	ABS	Non-use				
Operatio	Start time	0.05 ~ 99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.05				
n time setting	Screen conversion time	0.01 ~ 99.59 (MIN.SEC)	ABS	00.05				

Table 20-1. User screen setting the 1st screen parameter

20.1.2 User screen setting the 2nd screen

- ▶ It is a screen to show the photo file (BMP) stored in SD CARD.
- ▶ The SD CARD without file is inactivated. The selection and upload are not available.



[Fig. 20-2] User screen setting the 2nd screen -1

- 1 (\blacksquare) is inactivated because there is not corresponding file at the internal memory.
- It displays the photo file corresponding to user screen out of the photo files (BMP) stored in SD card.
 The only selected file can be uploaded into the internal memory.
- ③ It uploads the photo files (BM)) stored into the SD CARD into the internal memory.
- 4 It displays the current SD CARD capacity.
- It is displayed only when SD CARD is inserted.
- ▶ When Immed (Upload) button is pressed in [Fig. 20-2 User screen setting the 2nd screen-1], the selected photo files selected from SD CARD memory (Immediate) is uploaded to the internal memory.
- ▶ The message, "The upload is being processed" displayed during upload at the bottom of screen.

💽 СИЗТОМ	ER PICTURES	SET		11.07.08 10:04 AM
INTERNAL M	EMORY	SD CARD ME	EMORY	SEMAIN
CS1.BMP	CS9.BMP	CS1.BMP	CS9.BMP	
CS2.BMP	CS10.BMP	CS2.BMP	CS10.BMP	
CS3.BMP	CS11.BMP	CS3.BMP	CS11.BMP	
CS4.BMP	CS12.BMP	CS4.BMP	CS12.BMP	
CS5.BMP	CS13.BMP	CS5.BMP	CS13.BMP	
CS6.BMP	CS14.BMP	CS6.BMP	CS14.BMP	
CS7.BMP	CS15,BMP	CS7.BMP	CS15.BMP	
CS8.BMP	CS16.BMP	CS8.BMP	CS16.BMP	
THE PIC	FURES CURREN	NTLY ARE IN	I UPLOAD	🞯 SETUP

[Fig. 20-3] User screen setting the 2^{nd} screen -2

- The message, "The upload is completed" is displayed at the completion of upload at the bottom of screen
- ▶ When the upload is completed, the photo files () inside the internal memory is activated for selection.



[Fig. 20-4] User screen setting the 2nd screen -3

 \blacktriangleright It can be used for user screen when the wanted file (\blacksquare) is selected.

СИЗТОМ	ER PICTURE	s s	SET		11.07.08 10:04 AM
INTERNAL N	1EMORY	1 1	SD CARD M	EMORY	# MAIN
CS1.BMP	CS9.BMP		S1.BMP	CS9.BMP	
CS2.BMP	CS10.BMP		MCS2.BMP	CS10.BMP	
CS3.BMP	CS11.BMP		CS3.BMP	CS11.BMP	
CS4.BMP	CS12.BMP	4	MCS4.BMP	CS12.BMP	1 UPLOAD
CS5.BMP	CS13.BMP		GS5.BMP	CS13.BMP	
CS6.BMP	CS14.BMP		MCS6.BMP	CS14.BMP	
CS7.BMP	CS15.BMP		CS7.BMP	CS15.BMP	
CS8.BMP	🛃 CS16.BMP		CS8.BMP	CS16.BMP	
USE/TOT	AL MEMORY:	2	2.3MB /	1882.3MB	🧔 SETUP

[Fig. 20-5] User screen setting the 2nd screen -4

20.2 User screen operation

- ▶ Refer to [20.1.1 User screen setting the 1st screen].
- ▶ 16 photos can be used for user screen.
- When the user screen is used, it is operated when there is no key operation during setting time
- $\ensuremath{\ens$
- ▶ When DI error is created on the user screen during operation, the, DI error screen is displayed.
- DI error display pattern is displayed regardless of "Letter" and "Photo."
- ▶ When anywhere of the screen is touched during user screen operation, ▼ ← ▶ ⊗ button is appeared.



- ① 🕑 : User screen is terminated and recovers to the operation screen.
- When the time is passed, user screen is operated again.
- It moves from the present user screen to the previous user screen.
 It is not operated when user screen file is only 1.
- ③ 🛄 : It stops the user screen for a while.
- ④ 📂 : It moves from the present user screen to the previous user screen.
- It is not operated when user screen file is only 1.
- 5 💌 : 💌 📲 🍽 😢 button is disappeared in the user screen.



[그림 20-7] 사용자 하면-2

20.3 BMP file making

- ▶ Use [Photoshop program]을 for making BMP file certainly.
- "[Picture Plat]" used generally in the computer cannot be used because the bit map cannot be set in 16BIT.
- ► BMP file composition
- 🖙 16BIT(X1 R5 G5 B5) BMP
- Resolution
- 🖙 User screen 🛛 : 640 X 480 Pixel
- ☞ Initial screen : 640 X 480 Pixel
- The office of th
- ► File name
- ☞ User screen: CS1.BMP, CS2.BMP, CS3.BMP ~ CS14.BMP, CS15.BMP, CS16.BMP (Total 16 units)
- ☞ Initial screen : INIT.BMP
- ☞ DI error screen : DI1.BMP, DI2.BMP, DI3.BMP ~ DI14.BMP, DI15.BMP, DI16.BMP (Total 16 units)
 - It cannot be used when the user screen, initial screen and DI error screen are saved with another file name which is not designated.
 - Use the extension with ".BMP" when the file is saved in [Photoshop program].
- The folder name inside the SD CARD is appointed with 'BMP.'
- * With regards to the BMP instruction manual, download from the homepage of our company.

21. System initial setting

21.1 Basic screen display setting

21.1.1 Basic screen display setting

▶ The setting is available with languages and system initialization



[Fig. 21-1] System initial setting the first screen-1

- 1 It sets the language for use.
- O It sets the initial screen display when the power is 'ON.'
- 3 It sets the phrase displayed on the initial screen when power is 'ON.'
- The information display 1, 2, 3 phrases can be set, maximum 24 letters can be input.
- The display pattern shall be set in letter.
- 4 It sets the password used in system screen entry.
- The password was set with '0'.
- 5 It sets the use/non-use of the user button in stationary (FIX) and program operation screen.
- (6) It changes every parameter into the factory initial state.
- O It moves to the next or previous screen.

- ▶ It is a screen which is set with display pattern in photo.
- ▶ The functions of ①, ②, ③ can be used when the display pattern is set in 'photo.'

	🙀 INITIAL DISPLAY	00.03.02 04:35 AM	
	LANGUAGE SET	<pre># MAIN</pre>	
	DISPLAY METHOD TEXT PICTURE USER KEY USE USE		
1)	SD CARD MEMORY		-2 -3 -4
	USE/TOTAL MEMORY: 48.3MB / 1910.5MB	🔅 SETUP	

[Fig. 21-2] System initial setting the first screen -2

- ① It selects the photo displayed at the initial screen when power is 'ON.'
- ② The INIT.BMP file inside the SD card is uploaded into the internal memory. Refer to [9.2 BMP file making]
- 3 It sets the use/non-use of the INIT.BMP stored in SD card.
- $\ensuremath{\bowtie}$ $\ensuremath{\bowtie}$ button is inactivated when there is no INIT.BMP file.
- 4 It initializes the internal memory.

Parameter		Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Language for screen display		English, Korean, Chinese	ABS	English
Displa	y pattern	Letter, photo	ABS	Letter
System password setting		0~9999	ABS 0	
User	button	Non-use, Use	ABS	Non-use
Initial	Informatio n display 1	0 ~ 9, A ~ Z, Special letter (Max. 24)	ABS	SAMWONTECH CO.,LTD.
screen informati	Informatio n display 2	0 ~ 9, A ~ Z, Special letter (Max. 24)	ABS	TEL:82-32-326-9120
on Informatio n display 3		0 ~ 9, A ~ Z, Special letter (Max. 24)	ABS HTTP://WWW.SAMWONTECH.C	
Internal memory Total			capacity	28.5MB

Table 21-1.	System	initial	settina	the	first	screen	parameter
	0,000111	minuai	ootting	uio	mot	0010011	purumotor

21.2 State display lamp setting

- ▶ It is a screen to set the types of lamp to be displayed in the stationary (FIX) and program operation the 1st screen.
- Maximum 24 lamps can be selected.



[Fig. 21-3] System initial setting the 2nd screen

21.3 Initial screen operation

- ▶ Initial screen when the power is ON. (Display pattern : Letter)
- ▶ Refer to [2.1 Basic operation flow diagram]



[Fig. 21-4] Initial screen-1

▶ Initial screen when the power is ON. (Display pattern : Photo)



[Fig. 21-5] Initial screen-2

22. Sub channel setting

22.1 Sub channel system parameter setting screen

• The system parameter setting screen is as follows.



[Fig. 22-1] System parameter setting screen

▶ The sub channel system parameter changed with is as follows.



[Fig. 22-2] Sub channel system parameter setting screen

SYMBOL	Item	Function	Remarks
Ser.	INPUT SET	Parameter setting related with input sensor type and sensor input of sub channel	
M	OUTPUT SET	Parameter setting related with output type and output of sub channel	
	ALARM&HBA	Parameter setting related with alarm signal and heater disconnection of sub channel	
0.0 1.0	PID group	Parameter setting related with PID of sub channel	
	Communication	Parameter setting related with communication of sub channel	
	DO CONFIG	Parameter setting related with I/O board relay output signal of sub channel	
	INITIALSETTING	Sub channel initial setting	
Ē	Channel change	Refer to [Fig. 22-1 Sub channel parameter setting screen] with setting the system parameter in main or sub channel.	

22.2 System parameter setting procedure

The system parameter setting procedures which shall be preferentially treated in product installation are as follows.

Setting sequence	SYMBOL	Item	Function	Remarks
1	SIL	INPUT SET	 Temperature sensor tie setting Sensor use scope setting Other parameter setting 	PAGE 156
2		OUTPUT SET	 Output type setting Output direction setting Other parameter setting 	PAGE 161
З		DO CONFIG	DO CONFIG Parameter setting	PAGE 163
4	M	Communication	Parameter setting	PAGE 165

22.3 Sub channel sensor input setting

- ▶ It selects the sensor input setting of sub channel in [Fig. 22-2 Sub channel system parameter setting screen].
- Sensor setting shall be set at the first.



[Fig. 22-3] Input sensor setting the 1st screen of sub channel (In case of T/C setting.)

- ① It sets the input sensor of sub channel. Refer to [Table 22-2 Sensor No.].
- Parameter for the unit described with EU and EUS shall be changed proportionally with the current data in case of sensor change. However, the upper lower range setting data is initialized.
- It cannot be changed during operation.
- ② It sets the scope of use for the set sensor.
- The parameter related with EU and EUS such as auto tuning and alarm can be changed in its operation point and setting data at the changes of the Lower limit range (RL) and Upper limit range (RH).
- Refer to [Table 22-1. Sensor input setting the ^{1st} screen parameter of sub channel]
- 3 It sets the use/non-use of thermocouple.
- ☞ It selects the use/non-use of RJC when the sensory type is T/C.
- 4 It selects the group of channel to be applied in case of parameter change.
- 🖙 🚨 It changes only the parameter of channel selected currently.
- 🖙 🗳 It changes the parameter of every channel as same.
- ⑤ Sensor filter
- The sensor filter time is set when the high frequency noise is included into the input signal.
- 6 It moves the screen to the next and previous screen.
- O Input calibration (BIAS function)
- It calibrates temperature input deviation.
- \circledast It moves to the corresponding channel in when the parameter is set.
- 9 It sets the operation direction of the PV (Present Value) in case of sensor disconnection.
- 0 It is a table to be list the representative sensor No. when the sensor type is selected.
- 1 It moves to [Fig. 22-2 System parameter setting screen].

▶ It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.



[Fig. 22-4] Sensor input setting the 1st screen of sub channel -2

▶ When the temperature sensor is set in RTD, the following screen is displayed.



[Fig. 22-5] Sensor input setting the 1st screen of sub channel (In case of RTD setting.)

▶ When the temperature sensor is set in DCV, the following screen is displayed.



[Fig. 22-6] Sensor input setting of sub channel (In case of DVC)

- 1 It sets the scope of use for the voltage input sensor.
- 2 It sets the display scale for the input voltage.
- ③ It sets the digit under the decimal point.

Table 22-1. Sensor input setting the 1 st screen para	ameter of sub channel
--	-----------------------

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Sensor type	Refer to [Table 22-2 Sensor No.]	ABS	4 TC-K2
Decimal point	0~3	ABS	1 (When sensor group is DCV.)
Thermocouple display	T/C, TC+RJC, RJC	ABS	TC+RJC (When sensor group is T/C.)
Upper limit range	EU(0.0 ~ 100.0%) Lower limit range < Upper limit	EU	EU(100.0%)
Lower limit range	range < opper minit range	EU	EU(0.0%)
Input calibration	EUS (-100.0 ~ 100.0%)	EUS	EUS(0.0%)
Sensor filter	0 ~ 120 sec	ABS	0
SCALE upper limit	−199.9 ~ 3000.0℃ SCALE lower limit < SCALE upper	Ĉ	100.0 (When sensor group is DCV.)
SCALE lower limit	limit	Ĉ	0.0 (When sensor group is DCV.)

* The upper limit/lower limit for the sensor group, sensor type, upper limit.lower limit of the scope, display unit scale upper limit/lower limit cannot be changed during operation.

[Table 22-2 Sensor No.]

T/C

T/C TYPE	NO.	입력범위	TYPE	NO.	입력범위
	0	_200 ~ 1370 ℃	Т	54	0.0 ~ 700.0 °F
	1	0 ~ 400 ℃	· · ·	55	0 ~ 1700 ℃
			R		
-	2	0 ~ 800 °C		56	0.0 ~ 1700.0 °C
	3	0~1300 °C		57	32 ~ 3100 °F
·	4	-200.0 ~ 1370.0 ℃ -200.0 ~ 300.0 ℃	В	58 59	0 ~ 1800 ℃ 0.0 ~ 1800.0 ℃
·	5 6	-200.0 ~ 300.0 °C	D		0.0 ~ 1800.0 °C 32 ~ 3300 °F
	7	-100.0 ~ 400.0 °C		60 61	0 ~ 1700 ℃
K .	8	0.0 ~ 400.0 °C	S	62	0 ~ 1700 °C
	9	0.0 ~ 1300.0 °C	5	63	32 ~ 3100 °F
	10			64	-200 ~ 900 ℃
	10	0 ~ 800 °F		65	0 ~ 400 ℃
	12	0 ~ 2400 °F		66	0 ~ 900 °C
	12	-300.0 ~ 2500 °F		67	_200.0 ~ 900.0 ℃
	13	0.0 ~ 800.0 °F		68	0.0 ~ 400.0 ℃
	15	0.0 ~ 2400.0 °F		69	0.0 ~ 900.0 °C
	16	−200 ~ 1200 °C	L	70	-300 ~ 1600 °F
	17	0 ~ 400 °C		71	0 ~ 800 °F
·	17	0 ~ 800 °C		72	0 ~ 1600 °F
·	19	0 ~ 1200 °C		73	-300.0 ~ 1600.0 °F
	20	−200.0 ~ 1200.0 °C		74	0.0 ~ 800.0 °F
	20	-200.0 ~ 300.0 ℃	-	75	0.0 ~ 1600.0 °F
	22	0.0 ~ 400.0 °C	- - N -	76	−200 ~ 1300 °C
J	23	0.0 ~ 800.0 °C		77	0 ~ 1300 ℃
5	24	0.0 ~ 1200.0 °C		78	-200.0 ~ 1300.0 ℃
	25	-300 ~ 2300 °F		79	0.0 ~ 1300.0 ℃
·	26	0 ~ 1600 °F		80	-300 ~ 2400 °F
	27	0 ~ 2100 °F		81	0 ~ 2300 °F
	28	-300.0 ~ 2300.0 °F		82	-300.0 ~ 2400.0 °F
	29	0.0 ~ 700.0 °F		83	0.0 ~ 2300.0 °F
	30	0.0 ~ 1600.0 °F		84	-200 ~ 400 °C
	31	-200 ~ 1000 ℃		85	-200 ~ 200 °C
	32	0 ~ 400 °C		86	0 ~ 400 °C
	33	0~1000 °C		87	−200.0 ~ 400.0 °C
	34	-200.0 ~ 1000.0 ℃		88	-200.0 ~ 200.0 °C
_	35	0.0 ~ 400.0 ℃		89	0.0 ~ 400.0 °C
E	36	0.0 ~ 700.0 ℃	U	90	−300 ~ 750 °F
	37	0.0 ~ 1000.0 ℃		91	-300 ~ 400 °F
	38	0~1800 °F		92	0~700 °F
	39	-300.0 ~ 1800.0 °F		93	-300.0 ~ 750.0 °F
	40	0.0~1800.0 °F		94	-300.0 ~ 400.0 °F
	41	-200 ~ 400 ℃		95	0.0~700.0 °F
	42	−200 ~ 200 °C		96	0∼2300 °C
	43	0~200 °C	W	97	0.0~2300.0 °C
	44	0~400 °C		98	32 ~ 4200 °F
	45	-200.0 ~ 400.0 ℃		99	0∼1390 °C
	46	-200.0 ~ 200.0 ℃		100	0∼1200 °C
Т	47	0.0~200.0 °C		101	0.0∼1390.0 °C
	48	0.0~400.0 °C	PL	102	0.0∼1200.0 °C
	49	−300 ~ 750 °F		103	32 ~ 2500 °F
	50	−300 ~ 400 °F		104	32.0~2500.0 °F
	51	0~700 °F		105	0 ~ 2320 ℃
	52	-300.0 ~ 700.0 °F	С	106	32 ~ 4200 °F
F	53	-300.0 ~ 400.0 °F	<u> </u>		

TYPE	NO.	입력범위	TYPE	NO.	입력범위
	107	−200 ~ 850 °C		121	−200 ~ 500 °C
PT A	108	-200.0 ~ 850.0 ℃	JPT A	122	-200.0 ~ 500.0 ℃
FTA	109	-300~1560°F	JELA	123	-300~1000 °F
	110	-300.0 ~ 1560.0 °F		124	-300.0 ~ 1000.0 °F
	111	-200 ~ 200 ℃		125	-200 ~ 200 ℃
	112	0~400 °C	JPT B	126	0~400 °C
	113	-200.0 ~ 200.0 ℃		127	-200.0 ~ 200.0 ℃
	114	0.0~400.0 °C		128	0.0~400.0 °C
PT B	115	-300 ~ 1200 °F		129	-300~1200 °F
	116	0~800 °F		130	$0\sim 800$ °F
	117	-300.0 ~ 1200.0 °F		131	-300.0 ~ 1200.0 °F
	118	0.0~800.0 °F		132	0.0~800.0 °F
PT C	119	−50.00~ 150.00 °C	JPT C	133	-50.00~150.00 ℃
FIC	120	-148.0 ~ 300.0 °F	JFTC	134	-148.0 ~ 300.0 °F

|--|

NO.	입력범위
135	0 ~ 10 mV DC
136	-10 ~ 10 mV DC
137	-10 ~ 20 mV DC
138	0 ~ 100 mV DC
139	-50 ~ 100 mV DC
140	0~1 V DC
141	-1 ~ 1 V DC
	135 136 137 138 139 140

TYPE	NO.	입력범위
DCV	142	0 ~ 5 V DC
	143	1 ~ 5 V DC
	144	$-5 \sim 5 \vee DC$
	145	0.4 ~ 2 V DC
	146	0~10 V DC
	147	-5 ~ 10 V DC

22.4 Sub channel control output setting

- ▶ It is a screen to set the parameter related with the control output setting of the sub channel.
- It selects the control output setting of sub channel in [Fig. 22-2 Sub channel system parameter setting screen].



[Fig. 22-7] Sub channel control output setting screen-1

- 1 It sets the output type of the selected sub channel output terminal.
- ② It sets the operation method of PID control.
- Refer to [12.1.2.1 Operation direction]
- ③ It sets the period for control output operation in case of "SSR (SOLID STATE RELAY)" control output.
- ④ It selects the group of channel to be applied in case of parameter change.
- It changes only the parameters in currently selected channel.
 - It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.
- 5 It sets the increasing change rate of the output when the control output is increased.
- (6) It sets the decreasing change rate of the output when the control output is decreased.
- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{O}}$ It moves to the corresponding channel in case of parameter setting.
- ⑧ It disconnects the output by PID and sends the output in emergency in case of STOP and S.OPN.
- (9) It sets the excessive integration prevention ratio (Data) which are adopted in operation of excessive integration prevention function.

Refer to [12.1.2.3 Excessive integration prevention]

- 1 It is used for overall controlling the PID data manually depending on the system characteristics after auto tuning.
- Control output = PID X Control time constant (GAIN)
- Refer to [12.1.2.4 Control time constant]

▶ It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.

CONTROL OUTPUT SET	(SUB CHANNE	L)	2		03.02 38 AM
OUTPUT TYPE	OUTPUT RATE	SET		:: M	AIN
SSR SCR	UP RATE	0.0	%/S		
DIRECTION	DOWN RATE	0.0	%/S		
	OTHER PARAME	TER		CH1	CH2
CYCLE TIME	PRESET OUTPUT	0.0	*	СНЗ	CH4
CYCLE TIME 2 SEC	ARW	100.0	%	CH5	CH6
	AT-GAIN	1.0			
				🧔 SE	TUP

[Fig. 22-8] Sub channel control output

Table 22-3. Sub channel control output setting screen paramet

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Control output type	SSR, SCR	ABS	SSR
Operation direction	Reverse operation, normal operation	ABS	Reverse operation
Output period	1~300 SEC	ABS	2
Increasing change rate	0.0(OFF) ~ 100.0 %/SEC	%/초	0.0(OFF)
Decreasing change rate	0.0(OFF) ~ 100.0 %/SEC	%/초	0.0(OFF)
Output in case of emergency	-5.0~105.0%	%	0.0
Excessive integration prevention	0.0(AUTO), 0.0 ~ 200.0%	%	100.0
Control time constant	0.1~10.0	ABS	1.0

22.5 Sub channel relay No. setting

22.5.1 Sub channel control output setting screen

- It is a screen to set the alarm signal in sub channel.
- ▶ It selects the sub channel DO relay setting in [Fig. 22-2 Sub channel control output setting screen].

SCH1 AL1 RLY	0	SCH1 AL2 RLY	0	+ +
SCH2 AL1 RLY	0	SCH2 AL2 RLY	0	
SCH3 AL1 RLY	0	SCH3 AL2 RLY	0	
SCH4 AL1 RLY	0	SCH4 AL2 RLY	0	
SCH5 AL1 RLY	0	SCH5 AL2 RLY	0	
SCH6 AL1 RLY	0	SCH6 AL2 RLY	0	



- 1 It sets the alarm signal relay in sub channel. .
- 2 It moves the screen to the next and previous screen.

Table 22-4 Sub channel control output setting screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
SCH#n AL1 relay	0~32	ABS	0
SCH#n AL1 relay	0~32	ABS	0

* #n = It can be set in 1 ~ 6.

22.5.2 Sub channel heater disconnection signal setting screen

▶ It is a screen to set the sub channel heater disconnection signal.

	DO CONFIGURATION(SUB CHANNEL)	00.03.02 04:39 AM
1 —	HBA SIGNAL SCH1 HBA RLY 0 SCH2 HBA RLY 0 SCH3 HBA RLY 0 SCH4 HBA RLY 0	MAIN
	SCH5 HBA RLY 0 SCH6 HBA RLY 0	
		🙆 SETUP

[Fig. 22-10] Sub channel heater disconnection signal setting screen

1 It sets the Sub channel heater disconnection signal.

Table 22-5 Sub channel heater disconnect	ion signal setting screen parameter
--	-------------------------------------

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
SCH#n HBA relay	0~32	ABS	0

* #n = It can be set in 1 ~ 6.

22.6 Sub channel communication environment setting

22.6.1 Sub channel communication setting

- ▶ It is a screen to select the necessary item for SYNC communication.
- ▶ It selects the sub channel communication environment in [Fig. 22-2 Sub channel communication system parameter setting screen].

	SYNC COMMUNICATION SET(SUB CHANNEL)	00.03.02 04 39 AM	- 3
1 —	SYNC RUN WITH MCH	:: MAIN	
2	SP BIAS 0 °C	CH1 CH2	
		CH3 CH4	
		CH5 CH6	
		🔅 SETUP	

[Fig. 22-11] Sub channel communication setting screen-1

- 1 It sets the use/non-use of SYNC communication operation.
- ② It sets the calibration data to be applied to such channel setting data (SP) in the main channel of SYNC operation.
- ③ It selects the group of channel to be applied in case of parameter change.
 - It changes only the parameters in currently selected channel.
 - It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.
- ▶ It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.



[Fig. 22-12] Sub channel communication setting screen -2

표 22-6. 보조채널 통신설정 제 1 화면 파라메터

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
SYNC communication operation	Non-use, Use	ABS	Non-use
SYNC operation calibration data	EUS (-20.0 ~ 20.0%)	EUS	0.0

22.6.2 SYNC Communication operation

SYNC communication is an operation type for sub channel to synchronize the operation state and setting data (SP) of the main channel.



Application of operation calibration data

- ► The operation in same setting temperature (SP) or operation with constant deviation is available for sub channel depending on the program operation of the main channel.
- The present value (PV) of the channel which is controlled and dispersion can be recorded by connecting the additional sensor.

22.7 Sub channel alarming signal setting

22.7.1 Sub channel alarm signal setting the 1st screen

- ▶ It is the Sub channel alarm signal setting the 1st screen.
- ▶ It selects the alarm&heater disconnection of sub channel in [Fig. 22-2 Sub channel system parameter setting screen].



[Fig. 22-13] Sub channel alarm signal setting the 1st screen -1

- 1 It sets the alarm operation.
- $\ensuremath{\,\cong\,}$ Operation: It performs the alarm operation only in operation.
- $\ensuremath{\,\cong}$ Always: It performs the alarm operation regardless of operation/stop.
- 2 It selects the group of channel to be applied in case of parameter change.
- It changes only the parameters in currently selected channel.
- 🖙 🛃 It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.
- 3 It moves the screen to the next and previous screen.
- 4 It moves to the corresponding channel in case of parameter setting.
- ▶ It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.

🧕 ALARM SIGNAL SET(SUB CHANNEL)		12.22 01 AM
ALARM OPERATION	:: N	IAIN
ORUN OALWAYS	+	+
ALARM TYPE	CH1	CH2
AH-FS PV HIGH LIMITED ALARM(FORWARD, STANDBY)	СНЗ	CH4
F: FORWARD ACTION(NORMAL OPEN) R: REVERSE ACTION(NORMAL CLOSE)	CH5	CH6
H: HIGH LIMITED ALARM L: LOW LIMITED ALARM 1: INSIDE DEVIATION RANGE 0: OUTSIDE DEVIATION RANGE		
A: ABSOLUTE VALUE(PV) ALARM D: DEVIATION VALUE(IPV-SPI) ALARM	🧿 SI	TUP

[Fig. 22-14] Sub channel alarm signal setting the 1st screen -2

Table 22-7. Sub channel alarm signal setting the 1st screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Alarm Operation	Operation, Always	ABS	Always

22.7.2 Sub channel alarm signal setting the 2nd screen

▶ It is the sub channel alarm signal setting the 1st screen.



[Fig. 22-15] Sub channel alarm signal setting the 1st screen -1

ALARM SIGNAL SET(SUB CHANNEL)						
ALARM1 TYPE		ALARM2 TYPE				
TYPE SELECT OFF	OFF	AH.F	AL.F	→		
	DH.F	DL.F	DH.R 🗲	CH2	(5)	
	DL . R	DO.F	DI.F	CH4		
	AH.R	AL .R	AH.FS	CH6		
	AL . FS	DH.FS	DL . FS			
	DH.RS	DL . RS	DO.FS			
	DI.FS	AH. RS	AL . RS	etup		

[Fig. 22-16] Sub channel alarm signal setting the 2nd screen -2

- 1 It sets the objects of alarm signal.
- ☞ Refer to [Table 17-4 Alarm type].
- 2 It changes the parameters of the currently selected channel.
- 3 It selects the group of channel to be applied in case of parameter change.
- 🖙 🗳 It changes only the parameters in currently selected channel.
- 🖙 🗳 It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.
- 4 It moves the screen to the next and previous screen.
- 5 It moves to the corresponding channel in case of parameter setting.
- 6 It selects the type of the set alarm signal.

▶ It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.

🧕 ALARM SIGNAL SET(SUB CHANNEL)	11.12.22 12 [.] 02 AM
ALARMI TYPE	** MAIN
TYPE SELECT OFF	← →
	CH1 CH2
	CH3 CH4
	CH5 CH6
	🔅 SETUP

[Fig. 22-17] Sub channel alarm signal setting the 2nd screen -3

Table 22–8. Sub channel alarm signal setting screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
CH#n alarm #m type	Non-use, AH.F, AL.F, DH.F DL.F, DH.R, DL.R DO.F, DI.F, AH.R AL.R, AH.FS, AL.FS DH.FS, DL.FS, DH.RS DL.RS, DO.FS, DI.FS AH.RS, AL.RS	ABS	Non-use

* #n : 1 ~ 6

* #m : 1 ~ 2

22.7.3 Sub channel heater disconnection alarm signal setting

▶ It is a screen to set the sub channel heater disconnection alarm signal.



[Fig. 22-18] Heater disconnection alarm signal screen-1

- 1 It displays the current data on the heater.
- 2 It sets the electric current data to generate the alarm by recognizing the heater disconnection.
- 3 It sets the blind zone when the heat disconnection alarm is operated.
- 4 It selects the group of channel to be applied in case of parameter change.
- 🖙 🗳 It changes only the parameters in currently selected channel.
- 🖙 🖾 It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.
- 5 It sets the electric power frequency.
- 6 It moves to the corresponding channel in case of parameter setting.

▶ It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.



[Fig. 22-19] Heater disconnection alarm signal screen -2

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
Heater electric current	_	ABS	-
Alarm setting	0~50A (When HBA option is A(50A)) 0~100A (When HBA option is B(100A)) 0~12A (When HBA option is C(12A))	ABS	0
Blind zone	0 ~ 10A (When HBA option is A(50A)) 0 ~ 20A (When HBA option is B(100A)) 0 ~ 2A (When HBA option is C(12A))	ABS	1
Electric power frequency	50Hz, 60Hz	ABS	60Hz

22.8 Sub channel PID group setting

- ▶ It is a screen to set the details for PID in each sub channel.
- ▶ It selects the sub channel PID group in [Fig. 22-2 Sub channel system parameter setting screen].



[Fig. 22-20] Sub channel PID group setting screen-1

- ① Proportional (P) area: It controls to the direction to reduce the deviation between the setting data (SP) and indication value (PV).
- When the proportional integer is large, it approaches rapidly to the setting data (SP) and indication value (PV), but it may make the bad influence on the control safety due to the vibration of control output (MV).
- When the proportional integer is small, the indication value approaches to the setting data (SP) slowly in stabilization, but there is a possibility to create the residual deviation.
- ② Integration (I) time: The control output (MV) gets smaller when the integration time gets longer, accordingly, the approaching time to the setting data (SP) gets longer. The control output (MV) gets bigger when the integration time gets shorter, accordingly, the approaching time to the setting data (SP) gets shorter.
- The integration operation can delete the residual deviation which can be taken place in PO operation.
- IF When the integration time is too short, there is a possibility to stay in incapability.
- ③ Differential (D) time: It inhibits the changes of deviation (PV-SP) by calculating the control output (MV) corresponding to deviation (PV-SP) change rate.
- It has an effect of speedier approach to the setting data (SP) and inhibiting the abrupt change in indication value (PV) or external disturbance.
- ④ Output upper limit lower limit: It sets the upper limit lower limit in control output operation range.
- When the output upper limit lower limit is changed, it is applied to the control output (MV) in auto tuning.
- When the type of control output is SSR, it is operated in 0%, 100% output regardless of the restricted value set in the upper limit lower limit.
- (5) Calibration data: When the integration time (I) is "0" during PID control, it sets the parameter to apply the manually set data into the integration time item of PID calculation.
- 6 It selects the group of channel to be applied in case of parameter change.
- 🖙 🖪 It changes only the parameters in currently selected channel.
- 🖙 🛂 It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.
- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{O}}$ It moves to the corresponding channel in case of parameter setting.

▶ It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.

**	PID	GROUP (SUB	CHA	NNEL)		*		12.22 03 AM
	PID	VALUE					:: м	AIN
	Ρ	5.0	%					
	1	120	SEC					
	D	30	SEC				CH1	CH2
	OUTPL	JT LIMIT					СНЗ	CH4
	HIGH LIMI	T 100.0	%				CH5	CH6
	LOW LIMIT	0.0	%					
	MANUA	AL RESET						
	MANUAL RE	SET 50.0	%					
							🤨 SE	TUP

[Fig. 22-21] Sub channel PID group setting screen-2

Table 22-10. Sub channel PID group setting screen parameter

Parameter	Setting range	Unit	Initial data
CH#n.proportional range	0.0(ON/OFF control) 0.1~1000.0%	%	5.0
CH#n.integration time	0~6000 SEC	ABS	120
CH#n.differentiation time	0~6000 SEC	ABS	30
CH#n.output upper limit	0.0~100.0 %	%	100.0
CH#n.output lower limit	output lower limit < output upper limit	%	0.0
CH#n.calibration data	-5.0~105.0 %	%	100.0

* #n : 1 ~ 6

22.9 Sub channel basic screen display setting

- ▶ When it is initialized, the parameters in every sub channel is initialized.
- It selects the sub channel system initial setting in [Fig. 22-2 Sub channel system parameter setting screen].



[Fig. 22-22] Sub channel basic screen display setting

1 It changes every channel parameter simultaneously.

ENGINEERING UNITS	EU, EUS units are used to explain CONTROLLER PARAMETER.
– EU, EUS	EO, EOS units are used to explain CONTROLLER PARAMETER.

- ▶ Parameters with unit displayed with EU(), EUS() are changed proportional to existing Data when there is change in Sensor Type (IN-T) or Hight/Low Limit in Input Range (INRH, INRL). (Hight & Low Range Limit set value is initialized in this case.)
- EU() : Engineering Unit Value according to Range of Instrument
- EUS(): Engineering Unit Range according to the Span of Instrument



Range of EU(), EUS()

	Range	Center Line
EU(0~100%)	$RL \sim RH$	RH – RL / 2 + RL
EU(-100 ~ 100%)	– (RH – RL + RL) ~ RH	RL
EUS(0~100%)	0 ~ RH - RL	RH – RL / 2
EUS(-100 ~ 100%)	– RH – RL ~ RH – RL	0

(Example)

► INPUT = T/C(K2)

▶ RANGE = -200.00°C(RL) ~ 1370.00°C(RH)

	Range	Center Line
EU(0~100%)	- 200.00 ~ 1370.00℃	585.00℃
EU(-100 ~ 100%)	- 1770.00 ~ 1370.00℃	- 200.00℃
EUS(0~100%)	0 ∼ 1570.00°C	785.00℃
EUS(-100 ~ 100%)	- 1570.00 ~ 1570.00℃	℃00.0



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